

The Bow Valley Mail

Devoted to the Up-Building of Gleichen and the Development of the District Generally

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ALBERTA PROVINCIAL ELECTION

TO THE ELECTORS OF GLEICHEN:

GENTLEMEN,—Having been nominated as a Candidate for the riding of Gleichen for the position of member for the Provincial House, I take this opportunity of soliciting your vote and support in the forthcoming general election.

I come before you as a candidate pledged to do everything in my power, if elected, to further the interests of the farmers, and to support the policies of the Conservative party in the Province, which I consider to be in the interests of the Province as a whole.

I consider that I am exceptionally well equipped to represent a constituency principally composed of farmers, as I homesteaded in this district over twenty years ago, and have been on the same farm ever since, raising grain and stock with considerable success. I am a member of the United Farmers of Alberta, and have been for several years past.

I thoroughly believe that the time has arrived when the administration of the affairs of the Province by the Liberal Party should cease, and a Government be elected which will bring the financial standing of the Province back to its proper place, and promote the prosperity of the people.

I am a firm believer in the policy of the Province owning all its own natural resources, and opposed to the policy of cash subsidies, advocated by the Liberal Party in past elections.

It may not be possible for me to meet all the electors personally owing to the shortness of the time allowed for the election, but I will hold meetings in every centre in the riding, at which I hope you will be present, and where I will explain my principles and the policies which I support more fully than is possible here.

Trusting to have your vote and support on April 17,

I remain, yours respectfully

GEORGE M. McELROY

OUR MOTTO:

**"HONEST WORK
AND
HONEST PRICES"**

No Job too Large or too Small.
Horse-shoeing and Plow Work our Specialty.
Repair Work of All Kinds promptly attended to.

The Vulcan Iron Works

Blacksmiths and Machinists

Gunny Nurseries

The birthplace of the little trees that grow.

We are now ready to look your orders for baby western trees, shrubs and flowers. Write to Gunny for catalogue or to

W. H. James, Gleichen Trading Co., Local Agent

Work Started on C. P. R. Cutoff

As reported in last issue work is starting on the C. P. R. cutoff from Gleichen to Shepard. Yesterday Contractor E. J. Goodman arrived in Gleichen with several carloads of horses and grading machinery, as well as a number of men. The camps for the men and horses are being erected just west of town where there is a very busy scene. The balance of the work men will arrive in a day or two when grading will be started on an extensive scale. Goodman Bros. have the contract for the first fifteen miles and are making Gleichen their headquarters as there is considerable heavy grading just west of here and this is the most convenient supply point for the work.

A Very Successful Conservative Meeting Monday Afternoon

A goodly audience greeted the Conservative speakers in the Opera House on Monday afternoon, to hear them discuss the issues in the present election campaign. While, no doubt, the fact that the meeting was held in the afternoon, and the fineness of the weather kept a number from the outside districts from attending, yet many from the country were there, as well as a large number of our citizens and ladies were present. The best of order was maintained and the remarks of the speakers were frequently greeted by applause.

Shortly after the arrival of the afternoon train from Calgary, J. J. Marshall, President of the executive, took the chair, there being with him on the platform, R. B. Bennett, K. C., M. P. for the city of Calgary; Harold Riley, ex-M.P.P. for the riding of Gleichen, and at present conservative candidate in Bow Valley riding to the east of us; George M. McElroy, conservative candidate for Gleichen riding, and E. A. Wyndham, president of the Gleichen district Liberal-Conservative Association.

In a few well chosen remarks the chairman opened the meeting and introduced the first speaker, Mr. Harold Riley.

HAROLD W. RILEY

Mr. Riley on rising to speak was greeted with applause. In commencing he said he would not detain the audience long as he knew they had come to hear Mr. Bennett and yet he wished to express the pleasure that it always gave him to face a Gleichen audience, and also the feeling of gratitude experienced on being tendered the Conservative nomination for this riding at the recent convention at Strathmore, also the feeling of regret at being unable to accept the same.

Passing on he paid his respects to the Hon. Duncan Marshall as reported in the Edmonton Bulletin of March 27th, where it was stated that Harold Riley had opposed the erection of Agricultural Schools. Mr. Riley utterly denied this statement and in proof thereof quoted the amendment introduced by him. The clause in question after amending reading as follows: "that Agricultural schools should be erected on the demonstration farms owned by the province, and at such other point or points as the governor in council shall deem fit and proper." The words after province being added by Mr. Riley's motion.

He said he had done this to protect the interests of Gleichen constituency, there being no demonstration farm in this constituency, none in fact in any of the irrigated portion of Alberta, and here were the government spending upwards of a

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Liberal Rally on Tuesday Evening Grand Success

Though called for 8 o'clock it was fully 8.30 before Mayor Bray called to order and in a brief address opened the meeting. The hall was well filled with citizens and a goodly number of the fair sex.

The chairman in his opening remarks expressed his pleasure at seeing so large a number present, especially the ladies. He regretted the fact that the Conservative meeting in this, the principal town in the riding, had been held in the afternoon when it was impossible for the business men to be present.

He expressed his high opinion of the candidates, Messrs. McArthur and McElroy. Both had achieved success in the same profession, and all who knew them esteemed them, but he thought Mr. McArthur had a little the best of it, owing to the fact that he was the candidate of the Liberal party, whose policy was a wider market and progressive legislation. Concluding his remarks he called on Mr. McArthur to address those present.

JOHN P. McARTHUR

Mr. McArthur, after the applause had subsided, said that not being a public speaker he felt like remaining quiet, as after the glowing eulogy which the chairman had given him he felt that they would all say McArthur was the man, and anything he could say would only be detrimental to the good impression that had already been made, however he would not detain them long.

He said he was proud to be the candidate of the Liberal party in this campaign. He was there because he had been chosen as a candidate at the large convention recently held in Langdon, because he believed in the principles of Liberalism, because he believed the Sifton administration to be the best for the province, and because he had the interests of his fellow citizens at heart.

He referred to his opponent as a gentleman for whom personally he had the highest respect.

On Telephones he said that in an address the previous evening he had stated that Alberta had the best and cheapest system in Canada. A gentleman, with wide experience in the matter had said, "You may go further and say the best on the American continent," and it was his desire and the desire of the Sifton administration to extend this service until there should not be a farmer's home in this province without telephone communication.

Referring to the Railway policy of the government he quoted from remarks of Premier Sifton: "I hope to see the day when every farmer in the province can load his grain in the morning, take it to the elevator and be back to his home the same evening"; this also was his de-

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ALBERTA PROVINCIAL ELECTIONS

Will be held Thursday, April 17, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., at the various polls.

TO THE ELECTORS OF GLEICHEN

Gentlemen,

Having been tendered the nomination by the Liberals of Gleichen, in Convention assembled at Langdon, April 2, and as it will be impossible for me to see each elector personally, I solicit your vote and influence on election day, April 17, for the following reasons:

I stand on the platform of the Liberal Party in the Province of Alberta, as announced by the Premier of Alberta Hon. A. L. Sifton.

I am in complete sympathy with the aims and objects of the U.F.A., which have found expression in the legislation which has been passed and that which is at present before the house, including that dealing with the elevator question, and the implement bill.

I am a firm believer in the principle of the initiative referendum and recall, and of the Liberal policy of wider markets.

I am holding various meetings, to which all are invited for the discussion of the issues of the campaign.

Thanking you in anticipation for your vote and influence

Yours respectfully,

JOHN P. McARTHUR

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

CAPITAL, \$15,000,000 REST, \$12,500,000

DRAFTS ON FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Drafts on the principal cities in the following countries issued without delay:

Africa	Cuba	Macedonia	Russia
Arabia	Denmark	Malta	Serbia
Argentina Republic	Egypt	Manchuria	Siam
Australia	Finland	Mexico	Siberia
Austria Hungary	France	New Zealand	South Africa
Belgium	Germany	Norway	Spain
Brazil	Greece	Paraguay	Switzerland
Bulgaria	Holland	Peru	Sweden
Ceylon	Ireland	Philippine Islands	Switzerland
China	Italy	Poland	Syria
Crete	Japan	Portugal	Turkey
		Roumania	United States
			West Indies, etc.

These drafts can be drawn in sterling, francs, marks, lire, kronen, yen, taels, roubles, etc., according to the money of the country in which they are payable. This enables the payee to obtain the exact amount intended.

GLEICHEN BRANCH, J. CAMERON, Manager

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

WITH WHICH IS UNITED
THE TRADERS BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized	\$ 25,000,000
Capital Paid Up	11,500,000
Reserve Fund	12,500,000
Total Assets	180,000,000

290 Branches throughout Canada.

Savings Department at all Branches.

LONDON, ENG., OFFICE
Bank Bldgs—Princes St.

NEW YORK AGENCY
Cor. William and Cedar Sts.

GLEICHEN BRANCH: H. G. LYONS, Manager.

FIXTURES.

PHENOMS come, and holdouts go. And stars their contracts sever. But "Peanuts, popcorn, candy, chewing gum, ice cold drinks, can't tell the player without a program, sandwiches, who wants a cigar?"

Comedians and dancers go. Vanished the great and clever. But "Books and lyrics by Harry B. Smith, costumes designed by Miss Blund, wigs from So-and-so's and scenery painted by Blones"

Peace talks come and peace talks go. In beautiful endeavor. But "Bulgars Smash the Turks Again," "War Breaks Out in Salvador," "Diaz Runs Modern Out," "Greek Warships Attack Gallipoli," and "Use Indiana Go on the Warpath"

Exact Location.

It doesn't always pay a lawyer to be stern with the opposing witnesses when cross examining them. They are often as clever as the attorney, and the following anecdote illustrates how one witness "put one over" on a bright young lawyer:

"Sir," said the lawyer sternly, "you need not state your impressions. We want facts. Now, benevolence answer me categorically. You say you live next door to the defendant?"

"Yes."

"To the north of him?"

"No."

"To the south?"

"No."

"To the west, then?"

"No."

"A.J." said the lawyer sarcastically, "at last we are likely to get down to one real fact. You live to the east of him, do you?"

"No."

"How is that, sir?" said the astonished attorney. "You say you live next door to him, yet you live neither to the east, west, south nor north. What do you mean by that, sir?"

"I thought perhaps you were incompetent to form the impression that we live in a flat," said the witness, "but I see I must inform you that he lives next door above me."—Fun.

Marked.

A wealthy New York banker while in London went into a shop to purchase a set of decanters.

Not having the necessary amount of money on his person at the time, he gave his address at the hotel and instructed the clerk to mark them C. O. D. The clerk made note of the request, but the purchaser was surprised to find the goods left at the hotel without demand for payment. In a short while, however, he unpacked the parcel, and it developed that each decanter had been beautifully engraved in twining letters "C. O. D."—Lippincott's.

Anxious to Be Firm.

"Now, Rufus, I hope I have convinced you that there are no such things as ghosts."

"Yassuh. You has convinced me."

"You are absolutely sure?"

"Yassuh. An' all I hopes is dat no ghos am g'inter come along an' force me to change my mind."—Washington Star.

His Rival.

"Why does Pidgin look so woebe-gone?"

"His best girl told him she adored Maurice Maeterlinck, and Pidgin thinks he has a dangerous rival in town."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

His Guess.

She—I wonder why this Venus of Milo was ever declared to be a model woman. He—I guess it was because she couldn't go through her husband's pockets.—Baltimore American.

RASH ON ARMS
ALMOST UNBEARABLE

Looked Like Raw Meat. Itched and Burned So Badly Could Not Rest Night or Day. Arms Sore from Wrist to Elbow. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Completely Cured.

Lower Blandford, Nova Scotia.—"Three years ago I became troubled with sore arms. It came as a rash. My arms looked like raw meat and itched and burned so badly I could not rest night or day. When I scratched they became awfully sore. As long as the weather was warm it didn't bother me so much, but in winter it was almost unbearable. My arms were sore from the wrist to the elbow.

"I used several cures which were recommended to me but without any avail. I saw how I could get a sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment which I did. I used the samples and found an improvement. Whenever I applied the Cuticura Ointment the itching and burning ceased. I got a full-sized box of Cuticura Ointment and a cake of Cuticura Soap and only used about half when it disappeared and since then I have not been troubled. That was six months ago. Cuticura Soap and Ointment completely cured me." (Signed) Miss Elsie E. Zwick, Mar. 7, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment do so much for pimples, blackheads, red, rough skins, itching, scaly scalp, dandruff, dry, thin and falling hair, chapped hands and shapeless nails with painful finger-ends, that it is almost criminal not to use them. A single cake of Cuticura Soap and box of Cuticura Ointment are often sufficient when all else has failed. Sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post card Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. 461D, Boston, U. S. A.

W. N. U. 945

We are Exposed to
Tubercular Germs

every day. Post-mortem examinations often show that tuberculosis had been arrested by strengthening the lungs before the germs gained mastery.

You can strengthen your resistance-power by taking **Scott's Emulsion**. It contains available energy in concentrated form, which quickly nourishes all the organs of the body. It repairs waste—makes rich, active blood and supplies energy to the starving cells. It's timely use enables the body to resist tuberculosis.

For stubborn colds and bronchitis nothing compares with **Scott's Emulsion**.

Refuse substitutes—insist on **SCOTT'S**.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ontario 12-47

HIS CHANCE.

The Tariff Talking Parent Had Blank Where He Wanted Him.

A CLERGYMAN says that he has witnessed some amusing incidents in connection with marriage ceremonies, but that of these none was quite so upsetting to the dignity of all concerned as that which occurred in a wedding of his own making.

When the ceremony had been completed and the usual congratulations had been offered the pastor turned to the assemblage and said:

"We have all known these young people. We have seen them grow up from children, and now that they have entered the holy state of matrimony perhaps some of their old friends and neighbors may have some special word to say to them."

For a moment there was no response to this suggestion. Then from his position emerged the father of the bride, who delivered himself as follows:

"I ain't certain that I can add anything important to what has been said." Then, after a solemn and uncomfortable glance about him which betrayed his embarrassment, his eye fortunately fell upon a neighbor, a political opponent, who would never give heed to the old man's views on certain matters relating to tariff reform. The father's face brightened, and in an inspired way he exclaimed:

"But this seems a good chance and one which ought not to be neglected, now that Blank is here, and I should like to say a few words on the subject of tariff reform."—Harper's Bazar.

Suspected.

It was while on maneuvers and a soldier was being tried for the shooting of a chicken on prohibited ground.

"Look here, my man," said the commanding officer to the farmer who brought the accusation, "are you quite certain this is the man who shot your bird? Will you swear to him?"

"No, I won't do that," replied the man, "but I will say he's the man I suspect o' doing it."

"That's not enough to convict a man," retorted the C. O., considerably nettled. What raised your suspicions?"

"Well, sir, replied the sturdy farmer, as he slowly mopped his forehead with his bandanna, "it was this way. I see 'im on my property with a gun; then I heard the gun go off; then I see 'im putting the chicken into his knapsack, and it didn't seem sense, nohow, to think the bird committed suicide."—Answers.

A Safe Bet.

A Durham farmer was traveling to London to consult a lawyer when the fear struck him that he had left certain important papers behind. He made a hurried search of his bag:

"If I did leave those papers," he remarked, "I'm a fool!"

The search proceeded, and a moment later he said:

"I believe I'll turn out I'm a fool!"

Just as he was examining the last bundle of papers he exclaimed:

"Well, I'll bet I'm a fool!"

A man on the other side of the compartment lowered his newspaper for a moment and said slowly and deliberately:

"Oblige me, sir, by laying a little money the same way for me."—Tit-Bits.

A number of autograph letters by George Meredith were sold for \$2,250 at a recent London auction sale, and an autographed song by Burns, consisting of three stanzas of four lines each, realized \$245.

The autograph score of Wagner's "Rule, Britannia" overture, written in 1840 for the London Philharmonic Society, but never produced, was bought for \$1,475. It was lost for many years, and found at Leicester eight years ago.

Golf Links.

The orthodox number of eighteen holes, it seems, was fixed by pure chance. There were originally twenty-two holes on St. Andrews links, and so it continued till 1764, when the first four holes were converted into two. Thenceforward every full course has been laid out to correspond with the alma mater.—London Saturday Review.

TATTOO GIVES BANDIT AWAY

Shooting Paper Pellets for Sport Dis- closes Identity to Detective.

Paris, France.—The Paris police have captured the notorious bandit named Lacombe, who since December 1911, has been actively sought for in every part of France.

His arrest was due to the chance presence in the Boulevard de la Villette of two young inspectors who were loitering in the district fair. As they passed a show outside which two men were boxing, their attention was attracted by an onlooker who was shooting little paper pellets at the boxers. As his hand shot forward one of the detectives noticed between the thumb and the index finger a heart tattooed.

Suddenly he recollected that the description of Lacombe mentioned a heart tattooed on the right hand, and drew his comrade's attention. Both had a good look at the man, and after a hurried conference one of the inspectors fetched Police Commissary Duponnois.

When they were certain from a photograph that the man was Lacombe, the three police officers closed round him, seized his arms and pulled them behind him. The prisoner made a quick movement to reach his coat pocket, but he was too late. In his possession were two loaded revolvers, two bombs containing the explosive known as cheddite, and two fuses.

The crimes with which Lacombe is charged include the murder of a factory foreman at Decazeville two years ago, the killing of a ticket collector named Tharry at Les Aubrais station near Orleans last September, the shooting of M. Carter, postmaster at Bezona, in November, and the murder of Ducret in his lodgings at the office of the Anarchist Journal L'Idée Libre in the Passage de Clichy last December. When interrogated by the examining magistrate the bandit denied participation in the Decazeville crime, but confessed to committing the two murders at Les Aubrais, Bezona and the Passage de Clichy.

Lacombe suspected Ducret, a fellow anarchist, of having tried to betray him. Entering Ducret's lodging at midnight, Lacombe threatened the man and his wife with two revolvers and kept them for six hours in a state of terror. As daylight was breaking he discharged both weapons fatally wounding Ducret, but missing the woman. Then he took to flight and eluded the police for three months.

Attacked by Asthma. The first fearful sensation is of suffocation, which hour by hour becomes more desperate and hopeless. To such a case the relief afforded by Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy seems nothing less than miraculous. Its help is quickly apparent and soon the dreadful attack is mastered. The asthmatic who has found out the dependability of this sterling remedy will never be without it. It is sold everywhere.

Their Complexions Were Creamy. Munich.—Joseph Kleinert, a farmer at Pfaffenhofen, Bavaria, after being fined \$250 for sending watered milk to Munich, discovered that the cans had been partly filled up with chalky water by his three young daughters, who were in the habit of skimming the best of the milk and using it as a wash to beautify their complexions.

Five Miles up

Paris.—M. Perreyon, the airman ascended to a height of more than five miles at Euc recently. This constitutes a world's record.

Dog's Remarkable Journey

London.—Some time ago the Rev. W. Y. Fullerton removed from Leicester to London. He brought with him a terrier, which was sent back to Leicester and then to Birmingham. A few days after its arrival there it disappeared and it was subsequently found by the police in the metropolis. The dog's condition was such that it is believed it found its way from Birmingham to London by road, a distance of 100 miles.

A Sad Day

What do you consider the saddest day of your life?

The day I consented to let my wife do her own cooking.

Tripoli's First Pic.

Cairo.—For the first time during its existence of nearly 2000 years, the town of Tripoli has witnessed a theatrical performance, the piece given being Leher's opera, "Eva." The Arab element was strongly represented among the audience.

TRAINED NURSE

Remarks About Feeding Food

"A physician's wife gave me a package of Grape-Nuts one day, with the remark that she was sure I would find the food very beneficial," both for my own use and for my patients. I was particularly attracted to the food, as at that time the weather was very hot and I appreciated the fact that Grape-Nuts required no cooking.

"The food was deliciously crisp, and most inviting to the appetite. After making use of it twice a day for three or four weeks, I discovered that it was a most wonderful invigorator. I used to suffer greatly from exhaustion, headaches and depression of spirits. My work had been very trying at times and indigestion had set in."

"Now I am always well and ready for any amount of work, have an abundance of active energy, cheerfulness and mental poise. I have proved to my entire satisfaction that this change has been brought about by Grape-Nuts food."

"The fact that it is predigested is a very desirable feature. I have had many remarkable results in feeding Grape-Nuts to my patients, and I cannot speak too highly of the food. My friends constantly comment on the change in my appearance. I have gained 10 pounds since beginning the use of this food."

"There's a reason." Read the little book, "The Food to Live On" in packages.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Cure Your Sore Throat

Nerviline Will Do It

Blessed Relief Comes Quick. You Get Comfort, Every Pain Disappears

"Experience has taught me that the quickest way to cure a sore throat is with Nerviline," writes Mrs. Enoch P. Maclean. "My children always seem to get wet feet and stay out in the cold, and in consequence I have to keep a good household remedy handy. I rub in Nerviline almost every hour, give the children say twenty drops in hot sweetened water, and make them gargle with it. I have yet to see the cold this won't break up quickly."

From the La Harve Islands, N.S., Mrs. John Walford writes:—"We have been using Nerviline for about nine years, and find it excellent. When we find any of us getting a cold we take Nerviline in hot water. It is a sure relief for it, and is also an instant relief for internal pains of any kind."

The remarkable pain-subduing power of Nerviline and its ability to check colds, influenza and sore throat is unequalled. Every home should have Nerviline handy on the shelf for sudden illness at night, like cramps or internal pains. Large family size 50c; trial size 25c., at all storekeepers or druggists, or The Catarrhzone Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

Prison Wedding

Paris.—A widow named Blondeau, recently sentenced to two years hard labor will be married shortly in Versailles prison to an old sweetheart, Jean Jacquier.

Arson by a Cat

London.—A fire was caused at Dover recently by a cat knocking over an oil-lamp at Mr. Dal's bakery, Tower Hamlets-road. The building was destroyed.

A Fine Free Show

The little man had taken his wife and children to see the travelling show. After viewing all the sights that could be viewed for nothing, the entire family lined up in front of a large booth, which advertised in huge letters on the outside: "The Grand Elk—The Wonder of the World."

On a small ledge in front of this booth paced the showman himself, entrancing all and sundry to come up and view. Presently his attention was attracted by the little man who gazed earnestly and wistfully at him.

"Ere you," he called. "Ain't yer comin' up? It's only sixpence."

But the little man only shook his head.

Can't he dispered. It would cost me eleven shillings if I did. Yer see there's me an' my wife and twenty children.

What! exclaimed the showman, hoarse with incredulity, and pointing to the long line of earnest faces. Are all of them yours?

A nod was the little man's sole answer.

Good heavens! cried the man of the booth, as he bounded to its entrance. Don't yer move, guv'nor. Just stay where y're. I'm going to give the Great Elk a treat. I'm going to bring 'im out to 'ave a look at you.

It Wouldn't Tell

Family Physician: "I am afraid you have been eating too much cake and sweetstuff. Let me see your tongue?"

Little Girl—Oh, you can look at it, but it won't tell.

FOR BABY'S SAKE

For baby's sake a reliable medicine should always be kept in the house—one that will quickly relieve any sudden illness of baby; regulate the bowels, sweeten the stomach, and drive out colic, worms, colds, etc. Such a medicine is Baby's Own Tablets. They are guaranteed by a Government analyst to be absolutely safe and thousands of mothers always keep them in the house—they are the mother's best friend when her little one is ailing. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Industry sounds classy, but industrious snacks of the dinner pail.

London.—Fred Emney appeared for the thousandth time in 'A Sister to Artist' at the Palladium last night.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell, and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescription from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do to the food you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

There's a great difference between peace of mind and piece of mind.

Say, your beasily dog bit me, said the indignant tramp.

Oh, that'll be all right, replied the woman at the door. I have another.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Lady—How much are these chickens?

Market man—One dollar. Do you raise Lam yourself? Oh, yes. They were 0 cents yesterday.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of itching, bleeding, protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

The young man sat and set and talked and talked.

About 11.30 a.m. Love, I'm going away.

The young lady showed interest for the first time since 8.30.

When do you start? she inquired.

A Dry Job

An Irishman sought employment as a diver. The firm wanted to need a new man. And so on the following Monday morning Pat hid his e in the first time in a diving helmet.

New the job upon which the crew to which Pat had attached himself was working in comparatively shallow water, and Pat was provided with a pick and told to use it on a ledge below in a manner with which he was already familiar.

Down he went with his pick, and for about fifteen minutes nothing was heard from him. Then came strong determined will on the signal rope, indicating that Pat had a very decided wish to come to the top. The assistants pulled him hastily to the surface and removed his helmet.

"Take off the risk av it, said Pat. Take off the risk of it?"

Yes, said Pat. O'll worrik no longer on a job where Oi can't spit on me hands.

A Safe Pill for Suffering Women.—The secluded life of women which permits of little healthful exercise, is a fruitful cause of derangements of the stomach and liver and is accountable for the pains and lassitude that so many of them experience. Parmedee's Vegetable Pills will correct irregularities of the digestive organs and restore health and vigor. The most delicate woman can use them with safety, because their action, while effective, is mild and soothing.

They Wanted to Hear It

Now, children, said the teacher to her kindergarten class, I want you all to be very quiet, so quiet, in fact that you could hear a pin drop.

Everything had quieted down; only the teacher was about to speak when a little voice in the rear of the school room squealed forth: Go ahead, please, teacher, and let her drop.

HE SENT HIS "BEST" REMEDY

The young daughter of Mrs. T. S. Dougall, 523 Flora Avenue, Winnipeg, was arranging some of her doll's washing on a clothes rack, beside the stove, when she fell, and her hand came in contact with the hot stove. She sustained a serious burn, and her screams brought her mother quickly to the spot.

"I sent to the druggist for the best remedy he had for burns," she says, "and he sent back a box of Zam-Buk. He said that there was nothing to equal it. I applied this, and it soothed the pain so quickly that the child laughed through her tears. I bound up the hand in Zam-Buk and each day applied Zam-Buk frequently and liberally until the burn was quite cured."

The little one was soon able to go to school, and we had no trouble with her during the time the burn was being healed.

Zam-Buk Soap should also be used by all mothers for baby's bath and for skin troubles, rashes, pimples, etc.

All druggists and stores sell Zam-Buk at fifty cents a box; a d Soap at 25c. tablet. Post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse harmful imitations.

PELTED WITH ROTTEN APPLES

Rome Audience Recent, in Theatre, Gross Insults to Their City

Rome.—A riot took place recently in the Costanza Theatre, Rome, recently, during a performance by the Futurists. For the past fortnight the "art" clique have made the theatre their headquarters and the leader Marinetti and his staff of poets, painters, sculptors and composers have distributed thousands of pamphlets highly offensive to Rome, which was compared with the lowest type of woman.

This has highly incensed the citizens, and an angry crowd assembled in the theatre, where a Futurist demonstration was to have been given.

When Maestro Pratella appeared to conduct a Futurist overture, the orchestra was bombarded with rotten apples, potatoes and oranges and several of the instruments were smashed. Undismayed by this hostile reception, Marinetti himself appeared on the stage to recite a Futurist poem, but he was shouted down.

The excitement rose to such a pitch that soon hand-to-hand fighting broke out between Futurists and demonstrators in all parts of the theatre. Several members of Rome's aristocracy were involved in the melee. The theatre was cleared and the fighting was continued in the streets. Ultimately the leaders of the Futurists, with their clothing torn and faces bruised, sought refuge in a cafe.

Wedding Guests' Long Trip

Warsaw.—A cardinal, two priests, and fifty guests were brought in a special train from Poland to Biarritz, to attend the wedding of Marie Spokorny, the daughter of a wealthy Warsaw merchant, and Stephen Malinowski.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

But are you sure? persisted the grouchy customer, that this 'ere stuff will cure my rheumatism? Oh, yes, replied the drug clerk; all the doctors refuse to recommend it.

"I am an old man—and many of my troubles never happened."—ELBERT HUBBARD

THE white hair and wrinkled faces of our busy men and women tell of doubt, fear and anxiety—more than disease or age. Worry plays havoc with the nervous system—so that digestion is ruined and sleep banished. What oil is to the friction of the delicate parts of an engine—

DR. PIERCE'S
Golden Medical Discovery

is to the delicate organs of the body. It's a tonic and body builder—because it stimulates the liver to vigorous action, assists the stomach to assimilate food—thus enriching the blood, and the nerves and heart in turn are fed on pure rich blood. Neuralgia is the cry of starved nerves for food. For forty years "Golden Medical Discovery" in liquid form has given great satisfaction as a tonic and blood maker.

Now it can be obtained in tablet form—from dealers in medicine or send 50 one-cent stamps for trial box. Write R. V. Pierce, Buffalo.

DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS
Relieve constipation, regulate the liver, and bowels. Easy to take as candy.



Every Woman
Should Use

Abbey's
Effervescent
Salt

That splendid, pleasantly bubbling tonic which stimulates organs and rids the blood of impurities. Rosy cheeks and vigorous health reward the daily use of Abbey's Effervescent Salt.

Take A Bottle Home
To-day.

At all Druggists

Price
25¢
60¢

Bluff

Mr. Badgerton is here, sir, said the chief clerk. Shall I show him in? No, replied the great organizer, let him wait in the ante-room for about three-quarters of an hour. He has a big proposition, but I am anxious to keep him from getting the idea that I consider it worth while.

Old folks who need something
of the kind, find

NA-DRU-CO
LAXATIVES

most effective without any discomfort. Increased doses not needed. 25c. a box at your druggist's.

National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited.

REAL

INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM

Conquered by GIN PILLS

Mr. W. G. Reid, Hamilton, Ont., writes: "I have been for the last two years a cripple with Muscular and Inflammatory Rheumatism. I tried almost everything known to medical science and sought change of climate without relief. Your manager in this city recommended Gin Pills and I have since taken eight boxes and am now cured. I consider Gin Pills the conqueror of Rheumatism and Kidney Disease".

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50. Sample free if you write National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto 132

Maypole Soap

FOR DYEING
Washes and dyes at one operation, giving remarkably clean, bright, fast colors. Dyes cotton, wool, silk or mixtures. 24 colors, will give any shade. Colors 10c. black 15c. at your dealer's or postpaid with letter "How to Dye".

105
from F. L. BENEDICT & CO. Montreal



The Heart of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "Otto Higel" Piano Action

DON'T waste your time figuring out why a black hen lays a white egg. Get busy and jump into your LEATHER LABEL OVER-HAULS and get the egg.



Leather Label OVER-HAUL COMPANY, LIMITED,

MANUFACTURERS OF
High Grade American Over-Hauls,
WALKERVILLE, ONTARIO.

Tear this out and mail it to us with your name and address and we will send you one of our celebrated CORN COB PIPES, FREE.

Name.....
Town.....
Your dealer's name.....
Town.....



Home Dyeing
has no terrors for me - it's simply my delight
Even Professional Dyers can't equal my Perfect Results
That's because I use
DYOLA
ONE DYE - ALL KINDS OF DYES

It's the CLEANEST, SIMPLEST, and BEST HOME DYE, one can buy - Why don't you even have to know what KIND of Cloth your Goods are made of - So Mistakes are impossible.
Send for Free Color Card, Story Booklet, and Booklet giving results of Dyeing over other colors.
The JOHNSON-RICHARDSON CO., Limited,
Montreal, Canada.

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.
Mrs. WINKLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS BY MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, WITH PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winklow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

A Thrilling Episode
Stealthily she left the house. The light of determination shone in her eyes, and on her features high courage had set its stamp. In the bottle which she guarded so jealously was a black, sticky liquid. At last the letter-box was in sight.
Ha! A policeman!
Would she act a coward's part and turn tail at the sight of this myrmidon of the law, or would she dare all?
With measured footsteps he approached. Pita-pat, beat her heart. Would he guess, or would he?
"Hello, cookie?" he said.
"Erny, she faltered, 'ere's a drop o' linseed and quinine for that cough of yours. Call round in an hour's time, and I'll have something else ready 'ot-on a plate."

A Prime Dressing for Wounds.—In some factories and workshops carbolic acid is kept for use in cauterizing wounds and cuts sustained by the workmen. Far better to keep on hand a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It is just as quick in action and does not scar the skin or burn the flesh. There is no other Oil that has its curative qualities.

Going! Going! Gone!
His Wife—The professor is in the laboratory. As a result of his present experiments my husband will go down to posterity.
(From the laboratory) — Br-r-r! Bang!
Then they made it all up again.

No Encouragement
Parson to workman who keeps taking nips from his bottle:—Do you know, my man, I never tasted spirits in my life?
Workman—No, and you ain't a-going to begin here neither.

W. N. U. 545

What He Meant

Young Reporter—The storm king hurled his torn and tumbling torrents over the ruins of the broken and dismembered edifice.

Old Editor—What's that? What do you mean, young fellow.
Young Reporter—I—er—the flood washed away Patrick McDougal's old soap factory.

The Little Rebel

Say, grandpop, Iegan little George is it true that George Washington couldn't tell a lie?

Yes, quite true.
And was he an awful good man?
He sure as.
Then what did you let them name me George Washington for?
Ain't I to have any fun?

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature
W. D. Carter

1620 Men After One Job
London. — West Ham Guardians have received 1620 applications for the post of gate porter at the workhouse.

Who Can Tell?
Well, I'm a bit of a sorry 'un, a girl. Nonsense. She may be Premier of Canada some day.

NEW STRENGTH IN THE SPRING

Nature Needs Aid in Making New health-giving Blood.

In the spring the system needs a tonic. To be healthy you must have new blood just as the trees must have new sap to renew their vitality. Nature demands it, and without this new blood you will feel weak and languid. You may have twinges of rheumatism or the sharp, stabbing pains of neuralgia. Often there are disgusting pimples or eruptions on the skin. In other cases there is merely a feeling of tiredness and a variable appetite. Any of these are signs that the blood is out of order—that the indoor life of winter has lessened your vitality. What you need in spring is a tonic medicine to put you right, and in all the world of medicine there is no tonic can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills actually make new, rich, red blood—your greatest need in spring. This new blood drives out the seeds of disease and makes easily tired men, women and children bright, active and strong.

Mr. John Walfield, La Hare Islands, N.S., writes: "I take a great pleasure in telling what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for me. I am a fisherman and fifteen years ago through hard work my system became run down and I could scarcely work at all. I lost in weight; my blood became poor, and I was very weak. I consulted several doctors but their treatment did not help me so I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and in a short time I was entirely well again. My wife and daughter also used them with benefit. We think so much of the Pills as a family medicine that we always keep them in the house." These Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or can be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

You are very low, observed the weather man.
Yes, replied the official thermometer, regretfully, I fear I have taken a drop too much.

Only One "BROMO GUININE"
That is LAXATIVE BROMO GUININE. Look for the signature of R. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. Cures Grip in Two Days. 25c.

Poor John
John, you never listen to half the things I say to you she complained.
Well, dear, he replied, I have to work part of the time.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

The Last Hope

They had quarreled, quarreled irrevocably it seemed; and they were turning the presents—tokens of a love now dead, which made a pitiful display when leaped together on the polished surface of the table.

Then the man added to the pile a necktie, knitted and blue color. It was the last of the gifts. All was over now. For a few tense moments silence reigned supreme. Then:
Mr. Brown!
Yes, Miss Simmons?

I feel I am taking an advantage of you.
In what way?

You have given me almost countless boxes of chocolates, and dozens and dozens of tea're evenings and dinners, which I can't return. And Mr. Brown, I do want to be honest with you, and to settle my part of the transaction fairly. But there is only one way that I can see.
And what may that be? Mr. Brown's language still was strictly formal.

George, George, by giving you myself! Miss Simmons gasped, as she fell into her lover's arms.
Then they made it all up again.

YOUR PLOWING WILL BE DONE QUICKER, BETTER AND CHEAPER IF YOU USE COCKSHUTT ENGINE GANGS

WILD HORSES IN B.C.

Progeny of Horses Turned Loose on the Trail in Early Days

More than three thousand wild horses, in herds of from 30 to 100, are roaming over the hills and valleys in the interior of British Columbia, according to a report brought to Edmonton by James Bradley, a veteran prospector and miner known throughout the bonanza gold camps, has just returned from an extended exploration tour of the coast province.

Indians and white prospectors and pack train freighters value these untamed animals more than high bred horses, said Mr. Bradley. They are the progeny of horses turned loose on the trail by discouraged or dying men during the famous gold rush in the Cariboo country. Thousands of the new fields in the early '60s. Most of them were incompetent, and, in fact, utterly helpless in that wild country, and the horses either broke away or were abandoned when the fortune-hunters gave up on the long trail.

The horses made their feeding grounds in the vicinity of Barkerville for several years afterward and their offspring wandered northward as the bands increased. They make trails on the mountains and timbered country much after the fashion of buffalo in the early days and deer at present.

The Indians and freighters, working in the timbered districts, catch them with snares, such as are used for lynx. In most cases the animals are easily broken and they are better for the rough country than high grade horses on account of their stamina and sureness of foot on the mountain trails. We lost horses from our train from time to time and replaced them with wild animals.

Mr. Bradley reported that he and his partner covered more than 2,000 miles in the interior in search of gold. They prospected around Fort McMurray and staked several oil and mineral claims. They found galena and copper near the headwaters of the Big Smoky river. He says that important mines will be developed there during the next few years. Their search for gold was not successful.

We had no particular hardships on our trip, said Mr. Bradley. There was nothing out of the usual which men travelling in wild country are forced to endure, but we never saw a white man and very few Indians, after we left Tete Juan Cache, west of Edmonton, last June. From there we went along the Little Smoky river, making temporary camps at intervals. We returned with five pack horses.

A Mistake
Blinkers—Hullo, Winkers! I hear you married a woman with an independent fortune.

Winkers (sadly)—N-no; I married a fortune with an independent woman.

Hard Work
So you have a city job, have you?
Yes!
Don't have to do any work, I suppose?
I don't eh? I have to get my pay warrant every month and sign it and get it cashed.

Schoolgirl's Exhausted Nerves

Headaches, Dizzy Spells and Weakness Overcome by Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.



Miss Gallop.

At about the age that most girls are working hardest at school study for examinations there are important physiological changes taking place which are an additional strain on the nervous system.

Mrs. J. A. Gallop has had experience in the cases of her daughter and granddaughter, and for this reason her letter is particularly interesting to parents.

Mrs. J. A. Gallop, 135 Victoria street, St. John, N.B., whose husband is a carpenter, states:—"We have used Dr. Chase's Nerve Food in our family for nervousness, headache, dizziness and nervous dyspepsia, and have found them satisfactory in every particular. My daughter Beale is going to school, and became quite run down in health. By the time she had used three boxes of this remedy her nerves were steady, her general health was excellent and she was entirely free from headaches and dizziness. We are more than pleased with the results of this treatment."

"More recently we used the Nerve Food for my granddaughter, who was out of school for nearly a year from nervous trouble, and noticed improvement in her condition at once."
Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50c. a box for \$2.50, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

THE FUR INDUSTRY

Fur-Bearing Animals Still Plentiful in Hinterland of Canada

Several titled society women of London and other parts of England, attracted by the high prices paid for fox pelts, are coming to Edmonton on this spring to engage in fox-breeding in central and northern Alberta. They are prepared to make large investments. If the venture is successful it is likely that women, who have hitherto devoted their attention to prize dogs and horses, will engage in the new industry.

Eight black fox skins each valued at \$1,500, were sold in Edmonton last week by trappers from the north country. Fifty-four thousand dollars' worth of silver fox pelts were sold last season. J. L. Cote, representing the Athabasca district in the provincial parliament, said in the course of an address the other day that the fur industry in Alberta was a matter of \$1,000,000 in 1912. Muskaters heading the list with \$400,000. He added:

"Contrary to the general belief the fur-bearing animals in the remote districts of the province are not decreasing. They are simply receding before civilization, being driven further north. The catches during the last few years, and so far this season would indicate that furs are still plentiful in the hinterland. The government of Alberta is keenly interested in the development of the industry and is doing everything possible to assist those engaged in it."

Factors of the Hudson's Bay, Revillon Freres and the Northwest Trading companies, which maintain posts in the north country, report that fur-bearing animals are plentiful, but there is no indication that prices for black and silver fox pelts will be lower.

I consider MINARD'S LINIMENT

the BEST Liniment in use.
I got my foot badly jammed lately. I bathed it well with MINARD'S LINIMENT, and it was as well as ever next day.

Came to the Rescue

The rush of holiday-makers was enormous, and the railway was working at high pressure. But although they had enough rolling-stock to cope with the traffic, they had not enough conductors to man their trains. There was nothing for it but to appoint porters to the position of conductors on the things slackened down a bit.

One train in charge of such a guard as travelling at the rate of about ten miles an hour, when it came to a stiff line. Snorting and puffing, and at times almost coming to a standstill, the engine managed to draw the train to the or.

Had a hard job there, Tom shouted to the driver to the conductor at the station. I thought she wasn't going to do it.

So did I, replied Tom. I do believe I hadn't the brake hard on all the way up, she would have run back again.

Mr. Toogood—I went under an operation yesterday.
Mr. Markwell—You surprise me, as it very serious?
Mr. Toogood—I had a growth removed from my head.
Mr. Markwell—My goodness! And here you are about and looking well.
Mr. Toogood—Oh don't fret, old sport; I only had my hair cut.



Do You Know What This Label Means?

It means cement of the highest possible quality.
It means cement tested by experts whose authority is final at all our mills.
It means cement acknowledged by engineers, architects and hundreds of thousands of farmers to fulfil every requirement of scientifically made Portland cement.
It means a cement that is absolutely reliable, whether used for a great bridge or for a concrete watering trough. You can use

Canada Cement

with complete confidence that your concrete work will be thoroughly satisfactory. You ought to have this confidence in the cement you use, because you have not the facilities for testing its qualities, such as are at the disposal of the engineers in charge of big contracting jobs.

These engineers know that when cement has passed the tests made upon it at Canada Cement mills, it will pass all their tests. And this same cement is sold to you for your silo, your foundations, your feeding-floor, your milk-house or your watering-trough.

Used according to the directions in our free book "What the Farmer can do with Concrete," Canada Cement never fails to give satisfactory results. Write for the book. It not only tells you how to mix and place concrete, but will also suggest scores of uses for it on your farm, every one of them valuable to you. In asking for the book you do not incur the slightest obligation.

There is a Canada Cement Dealer in Your Neighborhood

Address: Farmers' Information Bureau

Canada Cement Company Limited, Montreal

VERIBRITE VENOIL

THE WORLD'S BEST WOOD POLISH

Cleans and disinfects everything in your home from the cellar to the attic. Put it on your duster and dust Hardwood Floors, Woodwork, Linoleums, Pianos, Furniture, etc. Makes everything just like new. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Made by the DOMESTIC SPECIALTY CO., Ltd. Hamilton, Canada

No Blame

Lecturing Professor (to Jones, who has just roused himself from a sound sleep)—Had a good sleep, Jones?
Jones (drowsily)—Good! Don't blame you. So'd I.

HER SYMPATHY MAKES HER SPEAK

DAME MAYER TELLS HOW SHE FOUND A CURE IN DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Suffered for Three Years from Rheumatism, Headache, Palpitation, and Bright's Disease—Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Her Kidneys and Made Her Well.

Huberdeau, Argeheuil Co., Que. (Special).—"I am always glad to tell of my cure because I sympathize with others who may be suffering as I did." So says Dame Joseph Mayer, well known and highly respected here.

"For three years I was a very sick woman. Rheumatism, headache, palpitation of the heart and Bright's disease were my succession of troubles, but Dodd's Kidney Pills cured them all. I used thirty-four boxes to complete my cure, but they certainly made me well."

"I will never be without Dodd's Kidney Pills in the house."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cured Dame Mayer's illness because they are all caused by diseased kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure diseased kidneys, and with cured kidneys straining the seeds of disease out of the blood, the rheumatism, Bright's disease, headache, and palpitation of the heart are bound to disappear.

You never heard of a case of kidney disease that Dodd's Kidney Pills would not cure.

The unsuccessful person is generally the one who is a second too late.

Mullins was quite bald, with the exception of a single lock which he combed carefully over the side of his head. A short time ago some young ladies asked him for his photograph, and having a peculiar sense of humor he had a picture taken of the top of his head. About a week afterwards he went past the photographer's shop and noticed an immense crowd studying a picture in the window.

He looked and found that the discomfited artist had printed a greatly enlarged picture of his bald head, with the lock running around the edge, and labeled it:
Eclipse of the Moon. The phenomenon as it appeared at a quarter-past eleven.

Protect the child from the ravages of worms by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It is a standard remedy, and years of use have enhanced its reputation.

When a woman has a grudge against a community she inaugurates a baby show.

Your dealer pays more for this flour than for any other, but he's satisfied



to do so in order to sell you the best
PURITY FLOUR
More Bread and Better Bread

Fire Hose
A certain large engineering firm lately received an order in Russian, and although the receiver of it had a fair knowledge of the language, there were two words he was unable to translate. Somewhere in the works, however, a real Russian was employed. They brought him along, and he read the letter carefully, but was still puzzled by these two words.
Literally, he explained, their meaning was "hot stockings," which seemed absurd, but was presently seen to be the nearest-known Russian synonym for fire hose.

What He Wanted
Prisoner at the bar, said the judge, is there anything you wish to say before sentence is passed upon you?
No, my lord, there is nothing I care to say; but if you'll clear away the tables and chairs for me to thrash my lawyer, you can give me a year or two extra.



ASK YOUR DEALER FOR
SNAP
THE HANDY HAND CLEANER
Keep a can at your place, workshop or home. Always use all anti-rust, good for your hands. All Dealers sell snap.
SNAP COMPANY, LIMITED, - Montreal.

A REPRESENTATIVE of the
Taube Optical Co.
709 First St. W., Calgary
Will VISIT GLEICHEN every
TWO MONTHS
For Dates enquire at Yates Drug Store



Prairie Lodge 44
Meets
Every Monday Evening at 8
in the Orange Hall

Visiting brethren cordially invited.
J. E. OSTRANDER, Noble Grand.
S. GARLAND Recording Secretary.

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Graduate Royal College Dental
Surgeons, Toronto

Dentistry Practiced in All Its
Branches

GAS ADMINISTERED
Office in Royal Bank Block,
GLEICHEN

J. T. MALCOLM HUGHES

M.R.C.V.S. (London)

VETERINARY
SURGEON.....

Gleichen and Strathmore

A. Whiteley

PIANIST

TEACHER OF MUSIC

Gleichen, Alberta
Phone 65

NURSES

FOR THE COUNTRY
The Scottish Nursing Home and
Association sends out graduate
nurses at \$18.00 per week.

MATERNITY CASES received in
the Home. Special terms for pa-
tients coming in advance.

3419 Fifth St. West, Calgary,
Alta. Phone M2506.

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Sales Conducted

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A. WHITELEY
Licensed
Plumber

Hot and Cold Water
and Steam Fitter

All Work Guaranteed
FOURTH AVE., GLEICHEN
P.O. Box 41 Phone 32

R. HURD
Practical Tailor

Ladies and gentlemen's
clothes cleaned, pressed
and repaired.

AGENT FOR THE
Crown Tailoring Co.
of Toronto.

Perfect style and fit guaranteed.

Call and see the new patterns and
fashion plate for spring and
summer just arrived. Motto
—cheapness combined
with quality

McKie & Henderson



YOUR HOUSE

should be insured. Only the man
who fails to give this important
subject the proper thought and de-
liberation fails to act. It is that
man we want to reach with our
arguments. We want you to
appreciate the vital necessity of
taking out a policy of fire insurance
with us right NOW.

REAL ESTATE

Fire, Life and Accident Insurance

PROCLAMATION

THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF GLEICHEN

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that in
obedience to his Majesty's Writ to me directed and bearing
date the Twenty-Fifth day of March, 1913, I require the
presence of the voters at

Lincoln's Office in the Town of Langdon

in the Electoral Division of Gleichen, on the Tenth day of April, 1913,
from noon until two o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of nomi-
nating a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly; and notice
is further given that in case a poll is demanded and allowed in the
manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

Seventeenth Day of April, 1913

from the hour of Nine o'clock in the forenoon until Five o'clock in the
afternoon as follows:

Williams, for Polling Division No. 1

Consisting of Township 25 and 26, Range 28, all west of Fourth
Meridian. Poll at Mr. William's Residence.

Irricana, for Polling Division No. 2

Consisting of Township 27, Ranges 25, 26 and 27, and Township
28, Range 27, all west of the Fourth Meridian. Poll at Oddfellow's Hall.

Beiseker, for Polling Division No. 3

Consisting of Township 28, Ranges 25 and 26, all west of the Fourth
Meridian. Poll at F. A. Launt's Store, Beiseker.

Hinds, for Polling Division No. 4

Consisting of Townships 27 and 28, Ranges 23 and 24, West of the
Fourth Meridian. Poll at School House, south of A. H. McDonald's.

Rosebud, for Polling Division No. 5

Consisting of Townships 27 and 28, Range 22, and Sections 13 to
36, inclusive, Township 28, Range 22, and Sections 13-14-15-22-23-24-
25-26-27-34-35-36, in Township 28, Range 23, all west of the Fourth
Meridian. Poll at or near Martin's House, Rosebud.

Standard, for Polling Division No. 6

Consisting of Townships 24 and 25, Range 22, and the east half of
Townships 24 and 25, Range 23, and Sections 1-2-3-10-11-12, Township
26, Range 23, and Sections 1 to 12, inclusive, Township 26, Range 22,
all west of the Fourth Meridian. Poll at Peter Hansen's store, Standard.

Nightingale, for Polling Division No. 7

Consisting of Townships 25 and 26, Ranges 21 and 25, and the west
half Townships 25 and 26, Range 23, all west of the Fourth Meridian.
Poll at or near McLean's ranch, Nightingale.

Keoma, for Polling Division No. 8

Consisting of Township 26, Ranges 26 and 27, west of the Fourth
Meridian. Poll at Rintoul's hall, Keoma.

Dalroy, for Polling Division No. 9

Consisting of Township 25, Ranges 26 and 27, and Sections 25 to 36,
inclusive, in Township 24, Range 27, all West of the Fourth Meridian.
Poll at or near Rehder's Store, Dalroy.

Hodson's for Polling Division No. 10

Consisting of Township 24, Range 28, all West of the 4th Meridian.
Poll at Hodson's House.

Langdon, for Polling Division No. 11

Consisting of sections 25 to 36, inclusive, township 22, range 27,
and sections 1 to 24, inclusive, in township 24, range 27, and sections 4-
5-6-7-8-9-16-17-18-19-30 and 31, township 23, range 28, and sections 6-
7-18-19, township 24, range 26, all West of the 4th Meridian. Poll at
Harret's Hall.

Cheadle, for Polling Division No. 12

Consisting of all township 24, range 26, excepting sections 6-7-18-19
and township 23, range 26, excepting sections 4-5-6-7-8-9-16-17-18-19-
30 and 31, all west of the 4th Meridian. Poll at Amidon's Hall,
Cheadle.

Strathmore, for Polling Division No. 13

Consisting of township 24, ranges 24 and 25, and the west half of
township 24, range 23 and sections 13 to 36, inclusive, in township 23,
range 25, all west of the 4th Meridian. Poll at Town Hall Strathmore.

Namaka, for Polling Division No. 14

Consisting of that portion of township 22, range 24, lying north of
the Bow River and west of the Indian Reservation; township 23, range
24, north and west of the Indian Reservation; and the two westerly tiers
of township 28, range 23, north of the C. P. R. track; all of that por-
tion of the Indian Reservation in townships 22 and 23, range 24, north
of the Bow River. Poll at School House, Namaka.

Gleichen, for Polling Division No. 15

Consisting of the four easterly tiers of sections of township 23, range
28, and township 23, range 22, and all of township 22, ranges 22 and
23, north of the C.P.R. track; and that portion of the Indian Reserva-
tion north of the Bow river in ranges 22 and 23, all west of the 4th
Meridian. Poll at Town Hall, Gleichen.

Moorehouse, for Polling Division No. 16

Consisting of that portion of townships 21 and 22, range 25, north of
the Bow river, and the two most southerly tiers of sections in township
23, range 25, all west of the 4th Meridian. Poll at or near D. Robin-
son's residence, Moorehouse.

Horse Track, for Polling Division No. 17

Consisting of township 22, range 26, and that portion of township
21, range 26, north of the Bow river; and the most easterly tier of
sections in townships 21 and 22, range 27, north of the Bow river. Poll
at School House, Horse Track.

McKinnon, for Polling Division No. 18

Consisting of all of township 21, ranges 28 and 27, excepting the
most easterly tiers of sections north of Bow river, and the four most
southerly tiers of sections in township 22, range 27, excepting sections
1-12-24 and 25, and sections 1-2-3-10-11-12-13-14-15-22-23 and 24, north
of the Bow river in township 22, range 26, all west of the 4th Meridian.

Poll at Strathmeade School House.

Shepard, for Polling Division No. 19

Consisting of township 23, range 28, and township 22, range 28,
lying north of the Bow river, excepting sections 1-2-3-10-11-12-13-14-15-
22-23 and 24, and township 22, range 29, lying north and east of the
Bow river, all west of the 4th Meridian, and that portion of township
22, range 1, west of the 5th Meridian east of the Bow river. Poll at
Mooney's house.

Queenstown, for Polling Division No. 20

Consisting of township 19, ranges 22 and 23, and that portion of the
Blackfoot reserve lying south of the Bow river between ranges 21 and 25,
west of the 4th Meridian. Poll at Willard's School House.

And further that at Lincoln's Office in the Town of Langdon on the
Twenty-eighth day of April, at the hour of twelve (noon), I shall open
the ballot boxes, add up the votes given for the several candidates and
declare to be elected the one having the largest number of votes.

Of which all persons are hereby required to take notice and govern
themselves accordingly.

God Save the King

Given under my hand at Langdon, this 28th day of March, in the
year 1913.

W. W. BROWN,

Returning Officer.

NOTICE—Under Section 279 of the Alberta
Election Act

Section 279.—Any person unlawfully taking down, covering up,
mutilating, defacing or altering any proclamation, notice or other docu-
ment required to be posted up under any of the provisions of this act
shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding \$100 and costs, and not less
than \$25 and costs, or in default of payment of such penalty and costs to
imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months and not less than
one month with or without hard labor and if the person so offending is
a registrar, deputy registrar, returning officer, election clerk, deputy re-
turning officer, poll clerk or other officer engaged under the provisions of
this Act he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding \$500 and costs and
not less than \$100 and costs or in default of payment of such penalty
and costs to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year and not
less than three months with or without hard labor.

REVELSTOKE SAWMILL COMPANY, Ltd.

Dealers in

Lumber Mouldings Plaster Cement
Shingles Windows Doors
Lath Lime

Yards at Gleichen, Namaka
and Standard

COME and SEE US

F. L. PARKER, - Manager

The Pacific Cold Storage Co.
At the Pioneer Market

Will buy

Your Hogs and Cattle
Your Chickens, Turkeys, Geese and Ducks
Your Eggs, Butter and Green Feed
Your Hay and Grain, Hides and Pelts

Highest Market Prices
Paid

Chris Bartsch, Mgr

The Firm That Made Gleichen Famous

5000 Rolls Just Arrived 5000 Rolls

1913 Wall Paper

atest designs from 8 cents a
roll to 20 cents

Come Early and Secure Your Choice

PICTURE FRAMING

Sole Agents for Russell's Cowboy Pictures

Estimates Furnished On All Classes of Work

Office, Warehouse and Factory: Gleichen
Branch At Cluny

Rowe, Rowe & Rowe

Gibson & Larkin

BAKERS

Gleichen. - Alta.

For Sale

Good Gentle Milk Cows
and Heifers

Just arrived from the East
APPLY TO

Wm. Treend, Gleichen

HARDWICK BROTHERS,

P.O. Box 180, GLEICHEN
Range, Snake Valley

Owners of all cattle branded:

left left right
499 left R 9 left
right ribs

Horses branded

D right ribs

DRAYING

EXPRESS

McCONNEL'S
--CARTAGE--

Having taken
over Mr. McCar-
ty's interest I am
prepared to give
customers

Prompt

Attention

to all orders they
may favor me
with and will
guarantee satis-
faction

No order too large or
small for close attention

Wm. McConnell

New

Ice Cream
Parlors

In Connection With The
Opera House

desire to make it known that their
parlors will be open until 12 o'clock
every evening to serve

Rochon's Ice Cream

The Best Made

Ladies and Gentlemen Welcome.

Help Wanted.

A good strong girl or woman for
housework on a farm.
W. D. TRIGO, Gleichen.

J. S. McDOWELL

MASONRY

In all Its Branches

Plastering

and

Bricklaying

A SPECIALTY

Gleichen

VOTE FOR McELROY

Farmer and Conservative Candidate

Election Day, Thursday, April 17

Polls open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

The Liberal Party has been in power in Alberta since the inauguration of the Province in 1905. Their record has been one of inefficiency, extravagance, corruption and disregard for the rights of the people. If you are satisfied with that record vote for McArthur. If you are not and wish to elect a Government of business men pledged to support the interests of the farmers, who are the backbone of the Province, cast your vote for McElroy.

"You can fool all the people some of the time, you can fool some of the people all the time, but you cannot fool all the people all the time."

Such was the dictum of the late Hon. W. E. Gladstone, the famous British Prime Minister. It is particularly applicable to the present election in Alberta. The Liberal Party in Alberta have fooled the people of Alberta at two elections—in 1905 and 1909—but they cannot do so this time. All over the Province the electors have recognised the muddle that the party in power has placed the affairs of this province in, and are impatiently waiting for the 17th of April to arrive to cast their votes in condemnation of it. The attempt is being made to fool the Province again. At the last session of the House in Edmonton measures especially designed to catch the farmer vote were brought forward—an elevator bill which provides the machinery whereby the farmers can operate and build elevators, but does not provide the funds; an implement bill which looks good on the surface, but one clause of which provides for a lawsuit in every contract (a lawyers bill for lawyers); and a measure of direct legislation which is so framed as to be unworkable. These are the measures by which the Liberal party hope to divert the attention of the electorate from their past record, and once again get entrenched in power. The attempt is also being made to drag Dominion issues into this election, particularly the question of "wider markets" and the naval defence of Canada and the Empire. The questions have absolutely nothing to do with this election. The members of the Provincial House have absolutely no voice in the settlement of these questions, which rests entirely with the Dominion Parliament. The attempt has even been made to make the issue of the election Mr. R. B. Bennett, the Dominion member for Calgary, on account of his having, as per his own statement made at Gleichen on Monday, the price of a good automobile invested in an elevator Company. Let not the electorate be deceived. The question on which the voters will record their ballots on Thursday is whether the record of the Provincial Government since 1909 is such as will entitle them to be again returned to power to control the affairs of this Province for another four years. No amount of s' desteepping can evade that. The Liberal party, as has been said, have introduced a variety of issues in an endeavour to obscure this main issue. It is no wonder that they should endeavor to do so, for that record is one of inefficiency, extravagance, corruption, and autocratic rule.

THE LIBERAL RECORD

In 1905 the Liberal party were returned to power on a platform of "Rutherford, Reliability and Railways." Where is Rutherford now, his reliability, and his railroads? As R. B. Bennett said at Gleichen on Monday, "Rutherford, Reliability and Railways," has been superseded in this election by "Sifton and Soft Soap." Here are a few items in the Government's performance in the legislature just dissolved. First comes the

ALBERTA AND GREAT WATERWAYS RAILWAY

One of the planks in the Liberal railway policy last election was to construct a railway from Edmonton to Fort McMurray. In the beginning of the legislature a charter was given to a gentlemen named Clarke, from Kansas City, to construct the railway. The Province guaranteed the bonds at a rate of \$20,000 per mile for 350 miles, or a total of \$7,400,000. The bonds were sold through the late J. P. Morgan's banking house at a rate of 110 per cent, or 10 above par. The \$7,400,000 was deposited in three banks in Alberta, \$6,000,000 being in the Royal Bank in Edmonton. What became of the \$740,000 raised over and above the amount required for the actual road is not known. For the further history of the case we cannot do better than quote the speech of Mr. R. B. Bennett at Gleichen on Monday, dealing with this question.

During the first session of the House various of the members studied the contract with the Clarkes, and discovered what they thought to be something very peculiar in it. They found that the road was in reality only 230 miles in length, that the contract left it possible to construct it in the very poorest manner, using 56lb rails, fishplates, dirt ballast, and other poor material, and that it could be constructed for about \$4,000,000. Thereupon, Hon. Mr. Boyle, the present Minister of Education, though a Liberal, consulted with Mr. Bennett, and said that he thought there was something very wrong about the contract, Bennett and the other members of the Opposition were very much of the same opinion and they pressed the Government for information. Rutherford, Cross, Marshall, and other members of the Government put up a fine fight for the contract, and Clarke offered to pay \$1,000,000 into the bank until the job was completed as a guarantee. A motion that "the contract and

agreement were not such as to commend themselves to the confidence of the House," was brought forward, but defeated by a small majority, a second resolution was brought in condemning the government for making the contract, and finally it was agreed to appoint a Royal Commission composed of three judges, to look into the matter and report. This commission travelled over the country collecting evidence, though they were unable to get the evidence of W. R. Clarke, who was an American citizen and would not cross the border to give evidence. After collecting the evidence and considering it this commission reported that they had found gross incompetency on the part of the Rutherford administration, though they were unable to prove graft. As a result of this report Rutherford had to resign, and the Lieutenant-Governor called upon Arthur L. Sifton, then Chief Justice, to form an administration, a thing unheard of in the past history of the British Empire—a judge abandoning his office to go into politics. Sifton was considered the only man who could put the trouble right. He said so himself, and kept the House waiting for a number of months till he evolved his solution with the aid of a Toronto lawyer imported at an expense of \$13,500. His solution was an Act foreclosing the contract with the Clarkes, and declaring the funds raised for the building of the railway appropriated to the general revenues of the Province. The Opposition protested, and Bennett said in the House that the Government had no right to use the money for any other purpose than that of building the railroad. He said that it constituted a violation of the commandment "Thou shalt not steal." The Act was passed, however, and Sifton wrote out a check for six millions on the Royal Bank and demanded the money. The Bank refused to give it. Sifton threatened to issue a writ, and the bank told him to go ahead. The case went through the Supreme Court of Alberta and the Supreme Court of Canada, who decided that the Government could appropriate money borrowed for one purpose to another. The case was taken to the highest legal authority in the Empire, the Privy Council, who decided that the moral code was still in existence, and that the Province had no more right to appropriate money loaned for the building of a railroad to other uses than had any individual to do the same thing. What did Mr. Sifton do while the case was still unsettled? He borrowed \$7,000,000 on the strength of the verdict going his way in the Privy Council on six months treasury notes. He had renewed these notes several times since then, and was now paying 5 3/4 per cent on those notes—a higher rate of interest than ever paid before by any British Colony. At the same time they were paying over \$1000 a day on the money borrowed for the construction of the railroad, at present in the Royal Bank. Sifton had been in office a little over 1000 days. He had been put into office for the express purpose of straightening out this matter and had failed. Did the people of Gleichen think he was worth \$1000 per day. If they did they should vote for McArthur, if not, for McElroy.

FINANCIAL CONDITIONS

As a result of the A. & G.W. case Alberta had the lowest credit of any part of the civilised world. If they re-elected Sifton they would be putting their approval upon the doctrine that you could appropriate money borrowed for one purpose to another, and their credit would be ruined. The people of Alberta should on April 17 drive this gang from office. He described them as a gang, for they were holding office but for the object to get what they could for themselves. Cross and Marshall, two of the men who defended the Waterways contract originally, were now in the Cabinet.

The Province was formed less than eight years ago, and already had authorised borrowings of \$19,400,000, over fourteen millions of which was already incurred. When elected in 1905 the Liberal party had declared that there was no necessity for a public debt at all, as the subsidy from the Dominion Government would be sufficient to cover all expenses. There was no provision for a sinking fund for the telephone debt.

RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION

The Liberals promised to free the Province from railway monopoly. In the northern part of the Province the monopoly was greater than ever before, and the Government was working with it. They had guaranteed the bonds of a line of railway from Edmonton to Dunvegan, 350 miles, passing through a constituency, Clearwater, which was not even subdivided, and with a population of 220 men, women, and children. There are populous districts in Southern Alberta without any railway facilities at all. The Edmonton and Dunvegan line is being built to make the timber limits near it valuable. These timber limits were owned by relatives of Premier Sifton's.

CONTROL OF NATURAL RESOURCES

In the election of 1905, as well as in that of 1909, the Liberal party stated that the policy of Provincial Control of Natural Resources was not desirable, and that a cash subsidy from the Dominion Government, in lieu of these resources, was preferable. The Conservative Party had been in favor of control of natural resources. Since 1911, when the Conservative Party came into power at Ottawa, the Liberals had professedly been in favor of Provincial control, but as they are the same people who had voted against this their professions can not be taken as

sincere, but as actuated only by motives of expediency, and the Dominion Government would not in the opinion of the Conservatives of Alberta and Saskatchewan, be justified in handing over to a body of men, who had opposed the granting of them, control of the natural resources of the Province.

ROADS AND BRIDGES

In an agricultural country roads are one of the most important matters. The Liberal Government, while finding millions of dollars for the construction of parliament buildings at Edmonton, have passed miserably small appropriations for branch highways throughout the province. The value of a farmer's produce is reduced or enhanced greatly by the condition of the roads, and the Government have done very little, especially in the Gleichen district, to improve the roads, with the exception of the main road between Calgary and Gleichen, which was fixed last year. The onus of local roadbuilding is being thrown entirely on the farmers of the district.

VOTE FOR McELROY

In the foregoing space can only be found for a few of the matters on which the Government has fallen down, but enough has been stated to justify the electors of Gleichen in repudiating the Government candidate and voting for Mr. McElroy. Mr. McElroy is a farmer, he knows the needs of the district, and is well informed on public questions. He stands on the policy of the Conservative party, published herewith, and will do all in his power, if elected, to further the interests of the people of Gleichen ridings, and of the Province as a whole.

THE PROVINCIAL CONSERVATIVE PARTY STANDS FOR

Immediate Construction of Railways

where the population warrants, or where competition is imperative. Control of railroad rates, and right to purchase roads guaranteed.

Vote on Liquor Traffic

The party is pledged to submit the question of the prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquors in the Province to a vote of the people, a sixty per cent. vote to carry it.

Additional Land Titles Offices

Provincial Control of Natural Resources

Government Elevator System

A Provincial Agricultural College

Government Hall Insurance

in districts not organised as Rural Municipalities

Good Roads and Drainage

Initiative, Referendum, and Recall

Co-operative Meat Packing Plants

Cheap Money for Settlers

On the lines successful in New Zealand and Australia

Power Commission

To investigate the amount of water power available throughout the province for the generation of electricity

Telephone Commission

To replace the present system of direct political control

Educational Commission

For the improvement of the educational system of the Province

Labor Legislation

Aiming at a higher standard of comfort for the workers of the Province

Civil Service

Appointments to be made on a competitive examination basis, and apart from politics

(The above is a synopsis of the Conservative Platform adopted originally at Red Deer, Feb 12 and 13, 1909, amended and readopted in convention at Calgary, March 6, 1912).

A Very Successful Conservative Meeting Monday Afternoon

(continued from page 1)

half-million dollars on irrigation, and not a school in the province where a boy could learn anything of that system of farming.

Taking up the re-distribution bill which increased the membership of the house of assembly from 41 to 56 he said the opposition asked in the house, on what lines and with what information the new constituencies had been laid out, but were unable to obtain the desired information.

According to the census returns of 1911, the centre of population was the northern line of Township 35, this line lying between Innisfail and Red Deer. The Conservatives were willing to let the centre go twelve miles further north to the northern line of Township 37, and what did they find? That 30 of the constituencies lay to the north and 26 to the south of this line, and while the 26 southern ridings had a population of 168,000, the 30 to the north only contained 161,211 souls, thus showing that on the basis of representation by population the south had not been fairly dealt with, but said he, salt-peter would not save them and neither will redistribution either on the 17th.

Mr. Riley next instanced a transaction of the Hon. Duncan Marshall in buying 191 head of steers for the demonstration farms from P. Burns & Co., paying for them with notes signed by the manager of the farms, bearing interest at 7 per cent, and at the end of six months re-selling them to P. Burns & Co. with a net loss on the transaction of \$2,467.07, summarized as follows:—

Paid for steers.....	\$15314.87
" " feed, etc.....	5424.40
" " Interest on notes.....	836.00
Total cost.....	\$21575.27
Proceeds of sale.....	18867.07

Net loss on transaction... \$2467.07

Reviewing the Railroad policy of the government, Mr. Riley said originally the G. T. P. branch line was chartered to run to Dunvegan, and on the strength of this Theo. L. Burrows and the Imperial Pulp Co. obtained from the federal government grants of 500 square miles or 320,000 acres of timber limits, lying along the Athabasca river towards Dunvegan. On the charging of the route of the G.T.P. to the Yellow head Pass, the Government to accommodate three gentlemen revived the defunct charter of the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia railway, and guaranteeing bonds to the amount of \$10,000 per mile for 250 miles of road. This was given, not to provide railway transportation to the people of the north country, but to give Messrs Sifton and Burrows an outlet to their timber limits, as at that time the population of the country through which it passed was only 74 persons. How much more was needed a railroad starting from Gleichen and passing through the thickly populated grain growing portion of Southern Alberta such as Cluny, Quenestown, etc.

In 1908 the government had passed a bill entitled "An Act to supplement the Revenue of the Crown." By this act Railways were assessed \$20,000 per mile and a tax of one per cent or \$200 per mile was levied but in 1908 the government passed a bill exempting all railroads where the bonds were guaranteed by the province from taxation for fifteen years and for the next fifteen years, only allowing a tax of \$30 per mile. He contrasted this with the Manitoba act where all railroads whose bonds were guaranteed by the province paid a tax of two per cent of their earnings to the crown, which in the case of the Canada Northern alone had amounted to \$1,120,427.18 and in British Columbia, where the legislation was along the same lines and the government also received one third of the proceeds of the sale of all townsites.

In concluding he congratulated

them on the selection of Mr. McElroy as a candidate, and stated that in the event, which he expected, of his and Mr. McElroy being elected, that he would work hand in hand, and in harmony with him in securing their full rights. Again thanking them for the support they had accorded him in the past and the majority of 8 given him by Gleichen town at the last election, his first conservative majority, and requesting them to tell up one five fold as large for McElroy on the 17th he took his seat.

GEO. M. McELROY

Mr. McElroy, on being called upon said he was not accustomed to public speaking, and therefore he would not attempt to make one, he would simply have a little talk with them on matters of general interest, as one farmer to another.

He regretted very much that Mr. Riley was not standing in his stead as the candidate for Gleichen riding as he had seen his work in the assembly and it was a credit both to him and the constituency. The opposition, that only seven in all had done splendid work and were to be congratulated.

Continuing, he said that the government on being asked the amount expended on the roads the past year had answered \$1,600,000 and \$740,000 of this had been spent on the trunk road running from Bow River to Medicine Hat and thence to Calgary, thence to Edmonton and from there to Athabasca landing, almost paralleling the line of railway constructed. Not three per cent of the farmers would ever see it, let alone travel on it, it had been built as an auto road for the benefit of the pleasure seeker and the city man, not the farmer, and the general roads of the province were in a deplorable condition. To instance this he said that a gentleman looking for investments, had after travelling over British Columbia, a country where roads are hard to build, had on coming to Alberta, found the roads so bad that he had freighted his auto to Saskatchewan and had gone there by train.

Regarding the telephone policy of the government, a petition was sent in in 1908 asking for the construction of a line in his district. This petition had been signed by 36 names in a four mile square, but as yet nothing had been done. The government, at the first of this year the government had asked for tenders to supply 70,000 telephone poles but all these were for use north of the Red Deer along the railways and branch lines, he asked if any of his hearers had seen any advertisement for construction material in the south country, he had not.

Where was the Agricultural college promised Gleichen? Had any one seen it? He for one had not.

Mr. McElroy said he thought the elevator policy did not go far enough if the government could use the credit of the province to guarantee railway bonds why could they not use it for obtaining cheap money for the farmer, thus placing the agriculturalist in the same position as in Australia and New Zealand.

Mr. McElroy said it did not become a candidate to make promises but would say that if elected he would give the business of his constituents the same care and consideration which had made his own a success. Thanking all present for their kind attention, and soliciting their support at the polls on the 17th, he concluded his remarks amid applause.

R. B. BENNETT, M. C., M. P.

R. B. Bennett was received with cheers when he arose to speak. In commencing he expressed pleasure in seeing so many present especially the ladies.

He said he had been called many names during the campaign, but he was not an issue, he was simply a humble citizen of the Province.

He had always stood by his principles, although he had received tempting offers from the liberals to throw in his lot with them.

He paid his respects to the Hon. A. G. McKay, to whom he referred as the companion of Cap Sullivan, and the defender of the Minnie M.

Premier Sifton had called him a

hypocritical humbug, and although he acknowledged his right to give him the high sign, still he refused to join the Premier's order.

The people were finding out that Sifton had made the railway policy of the province a laughing stock, and had brought the name of the province into discredit.

Who was this Sifton any way? Four years ago the liberals appealed to the country on "Rutherford, Reliability and Railways" and to-day it was "Sifton and Soft Soap."

Passing on Mr. Bennett reviewed the troublous times in the house which culminated in the resignation of Premier Rutherford on the 26 of May, 1910, and the calling of A. L. Sifton from the position of chief justice to the premiership of the province, not because of the mandate of the people but simply by the Lieutenant Governor of the province and he asked how did Lieut. Gov. knew the chief justice was a liberal, politics in the bench should be unknown. The Premier was the people's hired man, not of their own choosing but one forced on them by the Governor and he asked what do you do with a hired man who cannot accomplish the work he has promised to do, you fire him; and after the colossal failure Premier Sifton has made of office he should be fired on the 17th.

Passing on he discussed the members of the cabinet and the calling of C. R. Mitchell from the bench and the members who after the A. & G. W. transaction said they could sit no longer in the cabinet with Cross, yet they are there. Marshall, who had voted both ways, learnt his navigation back in Ontario on the Minnie M and was going to sink or swim with the ship but he was still there.

Passing on he discussed for some time the A. & G. W. transaction, showing that it had cost the government some \$150,000 besides the interest at 5 per cent payable to the bond holders and he said the banks would not pay one cent of interest on the \$7,400,000 deposited therein for the agreement was to pay this interest to the railway company not to the government.

He appealed to the electors to save the self-respect of those who could not sit in the cabinet, yet were now there, by leaving Sifton and his gang home. The credit of the province had been given a black eye by the Sifton administration for they had attempted to break the commandment "Thou shalt not steal" until stopped by the privy council.

After touching on several questions such as his elevator connection which he said was but small, and characterized those who said he was connected with the C.P.R. as liars. He commended the elevator policy but said no money had been placed in the estimates to carry it and said of the Machinery Bill that it was a lawyer's bill with a lawsuit in every contract, what was wanted was a contract that he who runs may read and he who reads may understand.

Coming to the question of Natural resources, he said the Province by their votes had ratified the Laurier-Rutherford deal and if they returned the Sifton administration on the 17th they would ratify it again.

He appealed to the electors to go to the polls on the 17th and support Mr. McElroy who was one whom they all knew, one who would stand for honest government in the best interests of all concerned.

Charging them to guard well their ballots and ballot boxes on the 17th remembering that not far from Gleichen, one once went astray. After which the singing of "God save the King" brought the meeting to a close.

Dr. Wainwright, who has been practicing as a veterinary surgeon at Edmonton for the last 14 years, has located in Gleichen permanently, and has opened an office in J. W. Burr's barn and his residence will be in the Rowe Block.

The masquerade tomorrow night, Friday, promises to be a great success, despite everyone says they are not going, and the Hockey club will undoubtedly once more be shown that all true sports appreciate their hard work in bringing honor to Gleichen the past season. The boys hope to clear themselves financially and it would be unfair for their supporters not to assist in crowning their success to this extent. Just look under the masks for all who say they are not going.

Liberal Rally on Tuesday Evening Grand Success

(continued from page 1)

sire and the end to which he would strive.

With the Sifton elevator policy he was in hearty accord, and if it was necessary would be willing to have the bonds guaranteed to not 80 per cent but to 100 per cent of the value of the elevators.

He thought the machinery bill would benefit the farmers and ease their burden.

He was in favor of these bills for they were beneficial to agriculture, and the farmers were the backbone of the country. "Burn up the town said Mr. McArthur, and if the farms remain the town will soon be built but if your farms go, what becomes of your town." Was not the building up of Gleichen largely due to the influx of farmers in the surrounding districts.

He believed in the initiative, the referendum and the recall, for his part he had no desire to sit in the house when he ceased to represent the wishes of his constituents.

Here the speaker was interrupted by a question as to where in Alberta he had farmed during the past ten years, and with what result. Mr. McArthur gave the required information but said when interrupted was apt to lose the trend of his speech, but he had confidence in the people of Gleichen and he believed the public had confidence in McArthur.

While he had every respect for his opponent, he would like to ask was he working for the best interest of the province, when in 1911 he went up and down the country working for closed markets. As for him self, however displeasing they might be to Mr. Bennett he was satisfied to take all the American dollars he could lay his hands on and instance the great benefit the farmers of this province would have had had reciprocity been in force since the fall of 1911.

Soliciting their support at the polls on the 17th, Mr. McArthur took his seat.

Mayer Bray, after complimenting Mr. McArthur on his remarks called on the Hon. Chas. Stewart.

Mr. Stewart said he was pleased to be present, but he felt there was no need of his making a speech, as all who had listened to Mr. McArthur's lucid address would feel that the interests of the constituency would be safe in his hands.

He was pleased to see so many ladies present and hoped the time would soon come when they would have a personal interest.

There were no issues in this election the opposition were advocating no policy, had criticised no legislation except the A. & G. W., and here perhaps the government had made a mistake, but governments like individuals were human, and not infallible.

The opposition candidates were making misleading statements regarding the expenditure but could point to no case of misappropriation, and in the stock purchase of which so much capital is being made, every account and every voucher had been brought into the house and found correct.

Referring to the public debt, which the opposition claimed was being increased at the rate of \$5,000,000 a year he said that at the end of 1912 it was under \$14,000,000, but the province had an asset to show for every dollar of it. Instance the public buildings and court house sites throughout the province, which were responsible for \$5,000,000, the large steel bridges, trunk roads, etc., telephones \$200,000, demonstration farms \$205,000. All these must be maintained out of the yearly revenue, but the first cost was charged to capital account and became a part of the public debt and if the province desired to sell these assets they would bring every dollar charged against them.

Premier Sifton was not responsible but the government and legislature as a whole and not one of the votes had been criticised or opposed by the opposition.

We can but touch briefly on the various subjects handled by Mr. Stewart among them being the telephone policy. The province had he said a first class system, the only trouble being they could not build fast enough to supply the demand but were extending them as fast as possible. Concerning elevators, this bill had been drafted after close scrutiny and consultation with the C. P. R. and he was prepared to say that it would relieve the farmers from the monopoly with which they were oppressed, spreading the repayment of the money over 20 years made it an easy load to carry and at the end of that time they would be the sole property of the farmers concerned.

The co-operative bill had been introduced after consultation with those directly concerned and would give satisfaction. The policy of direct legislation had

Grand Union Hotel

LePierre & Anthony, Props.

Up-to-date in every respect

First-class Cuisine

Mr. Geo. A. Anthony was a former proprietor of the Gleichen Hotel and his name is a guarantee of first-class service.

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Real Estate

Fire, Life and
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Liberal Terms of Premium Settlement

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Real Estate - Insurance - Loans

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been adopted after due consideration and he laid special stress on the benefits derived.

He defended the Machinery Bill, the Demonstration farms and the Railway policy and showed how they will benefit the province. He proved the fallacy of the opposition's statements regarding the A. G. & W. legislation, and said he believed that Premier Borden would restore the natural resources to the province.

Referring to the problem of cheaper money and saying that the government hoped to find a solution, Mr. Stewart brought his remarks to a close by requesting the electors to go to the polls on the 17th and support Mr. McArthur and the Sifton administration.

Election day, Thursday, April 17.

Next issue the CALL expects to appear a day early.

The CALL's special number is coming in nicely. We now have 60 plat for cut and advise those who want to get in on it to apply at once.

While the enumerators have posted up the voters list it may be of interest to say that application may be made to W. H. McKie up to April 16th.

The candidates officially nominated at Langdon today were John P. McArthur and George M. McElroy. Both nomination papers were signed by electors from each poll.

H. W. Lee was awarded \$3,000 by a supreme court jury in Calgary last week as the result of his suit for \$15,000 damages against the city of Calgary. It will be well remembered that Mr. Lee last September was injured by a street car overturning in that city and besides being laid up for months and having several painful surgical operations performed is now in a state of permanent disability. It would seem from the judge's address the jury did not fully appreciate Mr. Lee's position or they would have granted him more. It is not stated whether or not he will appeal the case.

Chief Marshall had a false fire alarm sent in Tuesday, which proved a good thing. Time was kept on the brigade and just one and a half minutes after the first sound of the whistle the boys had the reel and the chemical engines on the street ready for the run. Hose were attached to the hydrant opposite the Town Hall and run out a block west, but, alas, nearly seven minutes after the first sound the boys were obliged to admit the water was frozen at that point. While the result was very disappointing the Chief was congratulated and work immediately started to thaw out the hydrant and pipes.

Censure to Whom Due

Editor Call.

Dear Sir:—In your last week's issue I read a letter from Mr. F. E. Renaud in which he attempted to correct what he calls a wrong impression created by your Oulletteville correspondent in the previous issue by attributing any credit to our late provincial member, Mr. Harold W. Riley, for the improvements to roads and bridges at present progressing in that locality. Now I think on close investigation your readers will easily see that the root of the trouble was not in Mr. Riley, who had no power to withhold, or was it with Mr. McArthur, who had no power to give, but it was with our late provincial government, who was presented with the petitions by our late member, mentioned by Mr. Renaud, and reminded at the same time this matter required their immediate attention and still they remained deaf to the entreaties of all. But when a prospective candidate is invited to inspect the roads, immediately before an election, men are put to work by his dictation, although he is an irresponsible party. Now, what inference can we draw from such business methods. I submit one only, viz., that because we dared to assert our independence of thought and actions by electing one of the opposition they display their voraciousness by endeavoring to bully us into submission through neglecting all our applications until an election is in sight. Might they not learn a lesson from our present Dominion Government, who although our locality is represented by one opposed to them they have given us fair play although, it must be they were obliged to turn down the mighty C. P. R. on our irrigable land question. Such methods would, I believe, commend our late provincial government to the electors rather than the bullying tactics they have adopted. Hoping you will give this the same publicity as "Credit to Whom Credit is Due" last week.

Yours truly,

JOHN H. RILEY,
Gleichen.

THE SARNIA

Pool Room and Bowling Alleys

The Alleys are of the famous Brunswick-Balke-Coller Co. make, and three in number
The TABLES are the Most Modern
A Full Supply of
Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos
Will Always be Kept

Remember the Manager's name—**JACK JAMES**

THE ALBERTA TRANSFER, Ltd

A. S. Wood, Manager
Successors to G. W. Hunter

The Best Cartage System in Gleichen

Every Class of Work Carefully and Promptly
Handled

Headquarters for COAL

For Steam and Domestic Use
Sole Agents For



Galt Lump Coal,
Anthracitic Lump
Coal
Anthracite Nut
Coal
and Briquetts

The Best For all Domestic Purposes

AUTOMOBILES

With the advent of 1913 many new cars are noted on the Canadian markets. Both new and old show many refinements and improvements over 1912.

McLAUGHLIN-BUICK builders have made good their claim to a country built car.

A car built for our none-to-good Canadian roads.

A car fitted with all the latest improvements.

The prices are moderate.
Careful comparison is invited with the higher priced cars and especially with cheap cars whose makers base their extravagant claims of present worth on what their cars have not, instead of what they have.

We also have some excellent values in rebuilt cars repainted and overhauled.

Call or write for price lists.

McLEOD BROS., Gleichen

NEW

Canned Goods

In Great Variety

S. A. HALL

Successor to
BARCLAY & HALL

TOWN AND DISTRICT

The Methodist Ladies' Aid will hold an Apron and Home-cooking sale on Saturday afternoon, April 12th, in the store of Rowe, Rowe & Rowe. Please keep this in mind.

Dr. Gervin, of Strathmore, was appointed on last Sunday, as the lay representative to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, by the united congregations of Gleichen and Strathmore. This year the Assembly meets in Toronto and there promises to be a very large attendance.

Geo. Anthony, one of the former proprietors of the Gleichen Hotel has purchased the half interest in the Grand Union Hotel, Calgary, previously owned by Spence Thompson. The other partner is A.C.H. Lapierre, and the hotel will be run under the firm name of LaPierre & Anthony. George will be pleased to meet any of his Gleichen friends who visit Calgary.

The Piggery owned by Chief of Police Roberts is well worth a visit by any one interested in hogs. Besides a large number of older pigs, there are at present over thirty under four weeks old around the pens. They are certainly little beauties, and the chief has certainly a right to be proud of them. In conversation Mr. Roberts said he would shortly add another acre to the land already in use.

John C. Buckley, returned from "Ould Ireland" on Friday last, where he has been spending the past few months inducing his friends of former days to leave the Emerald Isle for the prairies of Sunny Southern Alberta. Mr. Buckley states that he was glad to return to our land of sunshine after the dampness and fog which he left on the other side. Mr. Buckley is as genial as ever and reports his trips across the pond as both being exceedingly rough.

On account of the Provincial election being so close, the Lethbridge Spring Stock Show has been postponed to April 23rd and 24th. All entries close on Monday, April 21st. Pure bred cattle sale April 24th at 2 p.m. The Mixed Farming convention, Lethbridge Kennel Club show and Automobile show will also be held on the above dates. Arrangements for special rates on all railway lines have been made so be sure and ask your ticket agent for single fare ticket and a standard certificate, which when presented at the Board of Trade office your free return home will be arranged.

Announcement

Editor Call:—

Just lately a man by the name of Telford, from Gleichen sued Anderson & Neilsen from the same place for payment on irritable lands, which Telford had sold to Anderson & Neilsen. Anderson & Neilsen refused payments on the grounds of alleged breach of contract. The Department of Justice at Ottawa has now wired instructions to Calgary for stay of proceedings in this case, thereby placing Mr. Telford in the same position as the Canadian Pacific Railway Co.

The letter from the Department of the Interior to our solicitor with regard to the matter reads as follows:—"I have received from you this morning the papers in the case of the action taken indirectly by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the recovery of arrears of purchase money on certain lands sold within the western section of their irrigation block east of Calgary. The papers have been referred to the law clerk of the Department, and will be at once submitted by him to the Department of Justice with a request that the necessary action be taken by that Department to carry out the decision of the minister, of which you were recently advised."

HENRY SORESENSEN,
Chairman, Farmers Combined
Irrigation Committee, United Farmers of Alberta.

Strathmore, Alberta,
March, 22nd, 1913

ALFALFA CONTEST

The Agricultural Branch, Department of Natural Resources, Canadian Pacific Railway, Calgary, Alta., announced recently that its successful Alfalfa competition for farmers in the Bow Valley will be repeated this year. There will be two sets of prizes, a "Follow up" set for alfalfa seeded in 1912, and a new set for alfalfa to be seeded in 1913; and altogether the value of these prizes will be \$1050. The company has arranged to supply competitors with 12,000 lbs. of the best northern grown alfalfa it is able to obtain.

GET YOUR CANADIAN HOME FROM THE CANADIAN PACIFIC

Wonderfully fertile land is offered for sale by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at prices ranging from \$11 to \$30 per acre. There is no better agricultural land than this virgin Canadian soil. It is unsurpassed for all forms of agriculture, including grain growing, stock raising, dairying, poultry culture, vegetable growing, and general mixed farming. The lands are convenient to railways and markets, and are located in a country of low taxation and delightful climate.

TWENTY YEARS TO PAY

Under the Company's new policy no land is sold to speculators, but only to those who will occupy and improve it. The terms of sale are now one-twentieth cash and the balance spread over twenty years, with interest at six per cent per annum.

ASSISTANCE TO FARMERS

Under certain conditions the Company will advance a loan of \$2000 to new settlers to be used in erecting a house and barn, fencing the land and sinking a well. This loan is repayable on the same terms as the purchase price.

For illustrated literature, maps and full particulars, apply to,

**Department of Natural Resources,
Canadian Pacific Railway,
CALGARY, ALBERTA**

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Alberta Provincial
**Horse Show
Calgary
April 8-12 1913**

SINGLE FARE
for the round trip from all
stations in Alberta

Going dates April 7-9
Return limit April 14, 1914

For further information and
tickets apply to any C. P. R.
agent

R. G. McNELLIE
District Passenger Agent,
Calgary, Alberta.

The peoples Parlors

is the place to keep cool
and enjoy life this
weather

**Fresh Fruits
Confectionery
Choicest Pastry
Larkin & Larkin**

G. W. EVANS UNDERTAKER

A complete stock of Coffins and
Caskets always on hand

Embalming

Prompt and careful attention given

Office in
Call Block, Gleichen

W. W. WHITFIELD Builder and Contractor GLEICHEN ALTA.

**Good Work Done at Right
Prices**

Estimates Given on All Kinds of Buildings

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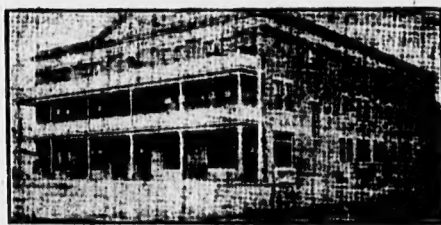
Anything and Everything required in Building
Always in Stock

W. Stuart & Co.

Yard near Palace Hotel, Gleichen.
COAL DEPOT Open in C.P.R. Yards
Office Gleichen street and Third ave., Gleichen, Alberta

THE PALACE HOTEL

EUROPEAN PLAN
BROSSEAU BROS., PROPRIETORS



FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT

Doten & Allen GENERAL BLACKSMITHS

Expert Gasoline and Steam Installing and
Rebuilding

Windmills and Pumps
Satisfaction Guaranteed

CLUNY, ALTA



FORGING A GOOD SHOE
into proper shape is a trick that
we thoroughly understand. If
you'll bring your horse here you'll
find that we carry our knowledge
into active practice. Furthermore,
we charge you only moderately for
our materials, skill, experience and
work.

J. H. RILEY
Gleichen, Alberta



Conforms to the high standard of Gillett's goods. Useful for five hundred purposes.

GILLETT'S PERFUMED LYE

Made in Canada

The Punster
Nervous Lady Passenger (in the train, after passing a temporary bridge)—Thank goodness, we are now on terra firma!
Funny Man—Yes, ma'am—less terror and more firmness.

Minard's Liniment for ails everywhere.
How can a man be hard up, and down on his luck at the same time.

Now, my little man, said a famous athlete, pleasantly. I suppose your papa has told you about the day he and I played in a great football match?
Yes, sir, replied the bright child. Ah, that was a great day. I knew he would never forget it. Does he often speak of it?
Yes, sir. He says you borrowed five dollars from him that day, and never paid it back.



You cannot afford brain-boggling headaches.

NA-DRU-CO Headache Wafers

stop them in quick time and clear your head. They do not contain either phenacetin, acetanilid, morphine, opium or any other dangerous drug. 25c. a box at your Druggist's.

NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED.

THE EQUITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF CANADA
CONDITION ON JAN. 1st, 1913

ASSETS:	
Cash on hand and in Bank	\$35,592.11
Bonds and Debentures	89,638.37
Net Premiums in course of collection	23,479.83
Sundry (less Reinsurance Notes and other non-admitted assets by Ins. Dept. rules \$57,482.84)	81,766.43
Uncalled Capital	\$230,476.74
	405,902.50
LIABILITIES:	
Fire Losses unpaid or unadjusted	\$28,064.01
Sundry	1,672.00
Reinsurance Reserve	128,179.09
Surplus Security to Policyholders	478,164.23
Government requirements for same as above only	128,179.09
TOTAL SECURITY TO POLICYHOLDERS	\$656,343.23
In Excess of Security, Jan. 1st, 1912	\$262,695.44
Total Assets	\$635,979.24

DIRECTORS:
Hon. Thomas Crawford, M.P.P., Toronto, President.
C. C. Van Norman, Toronto, 1st Vice-President.
E. S. Knowlton, Vancouver, 2nd Vice-President.
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J. P. A. Thompson, Vancouver, B.C.
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WM. GREENWOOD BROWN, General Manager.

Why, Oh Why?
He watched his wife doing up her hair, and his face was stern.
Why do you put the hair of another woman on your head? he asked, severely.
Why do you, she replied, sweetly, put the skin of another calf on your feet?

Deadly Combination
London.—A Bath boy named Ernest Wright was found dead in his bath recently. It is believed that a hot bath after a heavy dinner caused his death.

HBK GLOVES By The Year
If you want the best and longest-wearing gloves or mitts ever turned out of a factory be sure and ask for the famous

PINTO SHELL
These gloves are specially tanned for hard service and will save you money and reduce your glove expense by the year. Send for our descriptive pamphlet—The Pinto's Shell.

KIDSON BAY KNITTING CO.
Canada's Expert Glove and Mitt Makers, MONTREAL.



A bite of this and a taste of that, all day long, dulls the appetite and weakens the digestion.

Restore your stomach to healthy vigor by taking a Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablet after each meal—and out of the "piecing".

Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets are the best friends for sufferers from indigestion and dyspepsia. 50c. a Box at your Druggist's. Made by the National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited.

INNOCENT MAN CONVICTED

Ruined Financially a Conviction He Leaves Him Jail a Pauper

Berlin. The Berliner Morgenpost has obtained from the prosecutive proceedings of the Reichstag details of a case resembling that of Adolf Beck, of England, who received two king's pardons and a grant of \$25,000 for two wrongful convictions, under one of which he served the usual proportion of a sentence of seven years' penal servitude.

A Thuringian tannery owner named August Brehm was convicted in 1892 of burning down his factory for the purpose of securing the insurance money and was sentenced to five years' penal servitude. He was released after four years on account of his good behaviour. A year or two later he succeeded in establishing his innocence.

The petitions committee of the Reichstag, before whose attention Herr Brehm succeeded after fifteen years' effort in bringing his case, has now recommended the Government to revise the laws providing indemnification for persons wrongfully convicted.

Herr Brehm at the time of his conviction had an estate of \$100,000. As soon as he was arrested his creditors took possession of his properties and he left prison a pauper. Attempts to secure an indemnity from the local authorities resulted in a judgment in his favor for \$565.

Herr Brehm refused this amount. In the meantime the authorities seized half of it as the cost of the proceedings against him, and the balance was attached by his creditors. Herr Brehm is now sixty-five years of age.

Miller's Worm Powders can do no injury to the most delicate child. Any child, infant or in the state of adolescence, who is infested with worms can take this preparation without a qualm of the stomach, and will find in it a sure relief and a full protection from these destructive pests, which are responsible for much sickness and great suffering to legions of little ones.

PHONES FOR CONSTANTINOPLE

Invasion of Modern Ideas to Follow That of the Balkan Powers

Constantinople, Turkey.—'Hello! Are you 25 Pera? I want to speak to the sultan, please!'

The above will doubtless be one of the first calls put through in Constantinople this autumn, when a new revolution, every whit as far reaching as the present political upheavals, will take place. The revolution will be no less than the installation of a complete telephone service in the Turkish capital for the first time in its venerable history.

The company responsible for the installation is the Societe Anonyme Ottomane des Telephones de Constantinople. The backbone of the new Turkish company is formed by high officials and a large number of the staff of the National Telephone Company, of London, who with the taking over of the British telephone service by the government, sought and obtained new outlets for their energies.

Stanley J. Goddard, the former general superintendent of the National, for instance, is president of the Turkish company, while Douglas Watson, former district superintendent at Glasgow is director general and secretary.

Nearly twenty exchanges with considerably more than 5000 lines, will be opened in greater Constantinople, on either bank of the Bosphorus, including lines between Bosphorus and Pera, beneath the Golden Horn, and connecting four of the Princess islands in the sea of Marmora with the mainland.

Two of the many difficulties confronting the telephone pioneers in Constantinople are as follows:

Cosmopolitan speech of subscribers. French, Arabic or Turkish, Greek, Armenian, English and German are all spoken in Constantinople. This difficulty has been solved by sending a bevy of girl linguists from Constantinople to London, where they have been taught the telephone business.

More Lunatics in Ireland
Dublin.—Owing to the increase of insanity in the counties of Galway and Roscommon, the governors of the Ballynascue Asylum have decided to erect a new wing, at a cost of £200,000.

Solves the Breakfast Problem

A bowl of crisp, sweet

Post Toasties

make a most delicious meal.

These crinkly bits of toasted white corn, ready to serve direct from package, are a tempting breakfast when served with cream or milk, or fruit.

The Toasties flavour is a pleasant surprise at first; then a happy, healthful habit.

"The Memory Lingers"

Made by Pure Food Factories of Canadian Postum Cereal Company, Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

FARMERS LOSE BY GRAIN MIXING

Facts Brought Out at Grain Investigation at Minneapolis Show That Elevator Companies are Large Gainers Through Being Allowed to Mix Wheat.—Scandals Attached to Investigation—Sample Market and Mixing go Hand in Hand.

In the recent investigation by the legislature of Minnesota into methods of grain selling and handling some very interesting facts were brought out.

The committee appointed by the senate had before it last Saturday the heads of the department of grain inspection and took sworn testimony of the chief clerk of the chief inspector of the state as well as that of the chief inspector. The close relation that exist between the sample market and the system of mixing by elevator companies, which is permitted by the laws of Minnesota was emphasized.

Tables were shown giving the number of bushels of wheat, various grades received at the Minneapolis elevators and the number of bushels of the same grade which was shipped out of the same elevators. The tables showed the figures for a two-year period, beginning September 1, 1910, and ending August 31, 1912.

The fact that the Minneapolis elevators received 15,571,515 bushels of No. 1 Northern wheat during those two years and shipped out in the same period 19,978,777 and had on hand 14,353 bushels, making a total of 20,093,130 bushels, was brought out. As a result of the privilege of mixing the elevators had nine 4,521,555 bushels of No. 1 Northern wheat from the lower grades of wheat purchased from the farmers.

The table of figures relating to the receipt and shipment of the various grades tell the whole story of the results of the mixing privilege. The same condition is found when the figures on No. 2 Northern are presented, even though the grain in this grade is no so large. During the two year period the Minneapolis elevators received 20,414,584 bushels of No. 2. On August 31, 1912, they had shipped out 22,242,410 bushels and still had on hand 51,648 bushels, making a total of 22,294,058 bushels, or a gain of 1,880,514 bushels.

When the tables on No. 3, No. 4, "rejected" and "no grade" wheat were explained it was easily shown where the grain in No. 1 and No. 2 came from. In the last four instances there was a loss in the elevators.

There were 9,777,031 bushels of No. 3 received during the two years. The shipments amounted to 7,664,232 and on August 31, 1912 the elevators had on hand 140,624 bushels. The total of No. 3 wheat, either shipped or on hand, was 7,804,856 bushels. There was a loss in No. 3 grade of 1,972,175 bushels.

In No. 4 grade the elevators received 2,812,653 bushels and shipped out 624,433 bushels. The loss in this grade was 2,188,220 bushels.

The "rejected" wheat tables showed the same condition. In this case there were 1,175,513 bushels received and 621,773 bushels shipped out, making a loss of 553,740 bushels.

But it was in the "no grade" class where the largest loss appeared. Here 4,695,565 bushels were received. At the end of the two year period 1,000,945 bushels had been shipped and there was on hand 249,393 bushels, making a total of shipped and on hand of 1,250,338 bushels and leaving 3,445,227 bushels entirely unaccounted for.

Cases of individually owned elevators were also cited to the senate committee. One of these had received 215,142 bushels of No. 4 wheat and at the end of the two year period had not shipped out one bushel of this grade and did not have a bushel on hand. In other words, every bushel of this grade, the grade for which the farmer was paid, was mixed and came out in the No. 1 and No. 2 Northern grades, the grade for which the elevator owner sold it.

The elevator men who have testified before the senate committee and the house committee have argued that the grain which they make by being allowed to mix is largely offset in the cost of the mixing process. This fact is vigorously disputed by James A. Manahan, counsel for the house committee, recently elected congressman-at-large for the state of Minnesota. Mr. Manahan's contention is that the farmer is the loser by many millions every year under the present system.

"When the elevator companies buy the wheat they give the farmers the prices prevailing that day for No. 2, 3 'rejected' or 'no grade' wheat," Manahan at one of the sessions. "On that same day, these same elevator companies sell a future on No. 1 and 2 for practically that same amount. Their experience has taught them that they can mix the lower grades so as to fill the future order with No. 1 and 2. On that very day they make a profit ranging from the price they paid for the lower grades and the price for which they sell the future on No. 1 and No. 2. In my opinion this nets them a profit amounting to hundreds of thousands of dollars. True it is that there is some expense in the mixing process but even so I believe that the elevator men are making an enormous profit, a profit way out of proportion."

F. W. Eva, chief of the grain inspection department, when asked regarding the relation of the system of mixing with the sample market, said: "A sample market would be of no value without the privilege of mixing. The two go hand in hand. I believe that the elevator men, having the privilege of mixing, can pay a premium for the upper level of the grade."

In another statement made before the committee Mr. Manahan said there was no doubt that the elevator companies are getting much of the profit that should be going to the farmer.

An Example

Wealth doesn't always bring happiness, remarked the youngster with a large spectacle.

Naw, asserted the other kid. Look at me cousin yonder. He's got two cents and he can't decide between lollipops and chewing gum!



Horse Sale Distemper

has about one chance in fifty to escape SALE STABLE DISTEMPER. "SPOHN'S" is your true safeguard, for as sure as you treat it you will soon be rid of the disease. It acts as a sure preventive, no matter how they are "exposed." At all good druggists.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

The Housekeeper

WHO WOULD MAKE WASH-DAY EASIER, CAN DO SO BY USING

Eddy's Wares

Eddy's Indurated Tubs allow the water to retain heat longer and never rust. Being made in one seamless piece cannot splinter and so the danger of snagged fingers and torn clothes is eliminated. Used in conjunction with

Eddy's Washboards

Washday Loses Half Its Terrors

DON'T MISS THIS

A Splendid 10 cent Household Specialty is being introduced all over Canada. It is appreciated by the Thrifty Housewife who wants things "Just a little better." Send post card to-day. Simply say:—
'Send package of household specialty advertised in my newspaper'

That's all—You will be delighted! Pay if satisfied—we take the risk—Address P. O. Box 1240, Montreal, Can.
This offer expires June 1st, 1913. Send to-day.

Make the Horse Glad and Eager for Work

Clip him before you put him at the spring work. Take off his winter coat that holds the wet sweat and dirt. He'll get more good from his feed, look better, rest better and give you better service in every way. Say any but

The Stewart Ball Bearing Clipping Machine

the machine that runs easier, clips faster and smoother and stays sharper longer than any other. It does all the hard and out from solid steel bar. Gears polished, protected and run in oil. Little friction, little wear. Has six feet of new style, easy running flexible shaft and heavy single tension clipping head. EASY ACTION. CHICAGO FLEXIBLE SHAFT CO., 617 E. 4th Ave., Chicago, Ill.

PRICE \$975
Get one from your dealer and remember every machine is fully guaranteed. Catalog free.

STANDARD

Gas Engine Oil

Used and recommended by the leading engine builders all over the country. Keeps its body at high temperatures. Equally good for external bearings.

PRAIRIE

Harvester Oil

A heavy, durable oil for farm machinery. Insures the least possible friction and wear. Withstands weather and is unaffected by moisture.

El Dorado Castor Machine Oil **Mica Axle Grease**
Capitol Cylinder Oil **Silver Star Engine Kerosene**
Thresher Hard Oil **Imperial Motor Gasoline**

Stock carried at 300 tank and warehouse stations in Western Canada. For addresses, price lists, etc., write any agency.

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Information on this subject with printed instructions for amateur bands and a printed form of Constitution and By-Laws for bands, together with our big catalogue, will be mailed upon request. Address: Dept. 222, 225

WINNIPEG **THE WILLIAMS** **SONS CO., LIMITED** **ONTARIO**

Yes, After All
Charlie, why do you tell everyone that we are engaged? I did not say yes!
But you said no- and two negatives make an affirmative.

Ouch
Margaret, dear, tell me what was your principal reason for accepting me?

Well, Percy, you see, some girls have money and could marry brains, while others have brains and could marry money. I had neither.

Blackbeetle Stops a Concert
Melbourne.—The appearance of a blackbeetle on a concert platform at Brisbane frightened a lady vocalist into a fainting fit. Her accompanist rushed shrieking from the hall, and the performance was stop ed.

He Knew
Tommy, said J. mother, what would you like to give your cousin Willie for his birthday?
I know what I'd like to give him, answered Tommy, who had been bullied by the other boy, but I ain't big enough.

Alr Flies to a Council Meeting
Geneva.—The Swiss alman, Attilio Maffei, recently elected to the grand provincial council, flew from Bellinzona over the Alps to Lugano to take his seat.

FEMALE HELP WANTED
LADIES WANTED—To do work at home; decorating cushion tops; can make from \$3 to \$5 per day; pleasant work. Armour Ar. Co., Dept. N, 13 Steele Bldg., Winnipeg.

LOYALTY OF CANADA

PROMINENT SPEAKERS AT BANQUET IN LONDON

The Canadian Club Banquet in London. Attended by many prominent personages—Patriotic Speeches Mark the Proceedings, and Much Enthusiasm is Manifested.

London.—Many prominent men attended the Canadian Club banquet. Sir Frederick William Taylor, who was chairman, had on his right Admiral Prince Louis of Battenberg, and on his left Earl Rosebery. Others present included Admiral Sir Major General Sir J. Hanbury Williams, Sir Arthur Lawley, Charles Meredith, Viscount Milner, Sir Felix Schuster, Sir Edward White and Hon. Robert White.

The speeches of the evening lost nothing in interest by being brief. Sir Frederick raised cheers by his reference to the spirit of the United Empire loyalists, which was the dominating element in Canada in the defeat of reciprocity. It may have been as quixotic and illogical an act, he declared, as that of their loyalist progenitor, but it showed the same spirit was still alive and that Canada was British to the core.

The chairman went on to speak briefly but earnestly regarding Canada's credit in London. The Dominion, said the banker, was almost entirely dependent for new capital upon Great Britain, and he was compelled to say that the ignorance still existing among men holding high positions in Canada was quite surprising. Some of his countrymen had gone forth to gather money thinking it fell from heaven.

The present Canadian government, pointed out Sir Frederick, was intent upon presenting a considerable sum of money for the construction of dreadnoughts, and his hearers ought to know that sooner or later that money must be borrowed in Great Britain. (Laughter). Criticism, he said, had been levelled quite naturally against certain phases of Canadian borrowing. Let Canadians, he said, be true to themselves, remembering that the maintenance of Canada's credit in London money markets was vital, and that its curtailment would be serious. He advocated general action in crushing the vendor of spurious Canadian goods in the British market.

The best speeches were of the naval and military policy. Sir John Smithers, chairman of the Grand Trunk, who claimed to know something about territorial militia, was positive that the force could not be efficient under present conditions. He deplored the fact that Lord Roberts, at eighty years of age, was the only one who would tell the country the truth.

Sir Charles Drury declared that he believed the navy was never more efficient and the country had never had a better first lord of the admiralty.

Major General Townsend declared that if the territorial militia did not get the training that was necessary the system and not the men, was at fault. He believed the territorial militia could do as well as the forces in the American civil war.

Prince Louis and Earl Rosebery did not speak.

OLD AGE PENSIONS

Some Ideas are Laid Before Committee at Ottawa

Ottawa.—F. A. Acland, deputy minister of labor, told the old age pension committee that there was no way out of the old age pension scheme for the destitute deserving poor. He also favored the government taking up and developing the present annuities system, so as to make it both attractive and profitable to the wage earners and people of moderate income. This might have to be by contributions.

J. C. Watters, president of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress, gave very strong evidence in favor of an old age pension scheme. He maintained that it was absolutely necessary for aid to be given to wage earners who are not sure of steady work and who in addition have large families to support, so as to prevent them from drifting down into hopeless poverty. Mr. Watters said he was also in favor of the government taking care of both widows and mothers with proper assistance. It has been found in other countries that it is cheaper to aid the mothers than maintain their children.

St. Petersburg Uproar

St. Petersburg.—The Russian government has shown itself capable only of following Austria's triumphal car, said Deputy Savenko, a Nationalist, in introducing to the chamber of deputies an interpolation regarding the action of the police in charging the crowds and using their whips to suppress the pro-Slav demonstrations recently held. These popular demonstrations were held in honor of the victories gained by the army of the Balkan allies over the Turks. Mr. Savenko said that the Nationalists should not blame any individual minister for the brutal methods employed, but the supine political policy of the government.

The minister of the interior, in replying, promised to investigate the accusations made against the police and, if sustained, to punish severely the guilty.

After several members had spoken the sitting was closed, owing to the uproar.

Starts Iceberg Patrol

Washington.—Revenue cutter Seneca, commanded by Captain Johnson, will sail from New York for the ice field of the North Atlantic to warn shipping against icebergs, as a precaution against a repetition of the Titanic disaster. Captain Johnson has received instructions from Washington to keep in close touch with the Transatlantic liners and the hydrographic office of the navy, with warnings of danger by wireless. Within two weeks the revenue cutter Miami will relieve the Seneca and the latter will put into port for food and fuel.

INSURING EACH OTHER

New Step is Taken by Leading Steamship Companies

Berlin.—At the annual general meeting of the Hamburg-American line in Hamburg, Albert Boulin announced that the company had entered an agreement with the Cunard and the lines of the Mercantile Marine Company for mutual insurance in order to avoid the high insurance companies for insurance risks. Explaining the project Herr Boulin said that the insurance companies in recent times had done such a poor business that they had been compelled to report a heavy increase in the rates.

The German, English and American lines had for a long time been considering how they could relieve themselves of the growing burdens of the private insurance. Consultation with eminent English jurists and shippers finally led to the decision to form a mutual company. This will at first include only the corporations just named. By this new system of insuring one another the lines hope to effect a substantial saving in insurance expenditures.

Paper Plants for Canada

New York, N.Y.—Placing of news print on the free list will result in the removal of the International Paper Company's plants from this country to Canada, according to P. T. Hodge, president. Not only will this apply to the International, says Mr. Hodge, but to all the paper manufacturers at present located in the United States.

The Canadian government has offered many inducements to American paper companies, and several of the larger ones have made preparations for such a movement.

Although the removal of the tariff will not reduce prices radically, according to paper men, it will result in a transfer of the industry to Canada where they will no longer be subject to the Sherman Anti-Trust law.

Highwayman Tries New Method of Escape

Kingsford, Ont.—Frank Jones, now in the penitentiary, who has sent a letter to Gov. Ammons, of Colorado, seeking extradition and stating that he and three others took part in the robbery of an express car of the Denver and Rio Grande train in 1908, and that they buried part of the loot which amounted to about \$50,000, is one of the notorious Mcum Brothers, both of whom are in the penitentiary. Jones is now serving a term of thirty-six years for escaping from the penitentiary, assaulting officials, and attempted murder at Winnipeg. He is one of a gang which made a sensational attempt to break away from the guards at Toronto station a year ago. Jones says if he is extradited he will tell where the rest of the hidden loot is.

FORTUNE OF \$75,000,000

Estimated Wealth of the Late J. Pierpont Morgan

New York.—Estimates of the fortune left by J. P. Morgan, range from \$75,000,000 and \$125,000,000. It is understood that the financier's will is of recent date, but no intimation has been made as to when it would be given to the public. Mr. Morgan's personal counsel declines to discuss the matter.

Those who shared Mr. Morgan's close friendship predict that there will be large charitable and public bequests although it is conceded that the son, J. P. Morgan, will doubtless receive the bulk of the fortune. Mr. Morgan's holdings were small. By far the largest part of the estate it is understood will be made up of gilt edge securities.

TO RECOGNIZE CHINA

United States Will Probably Officially Notice New Republic

Washington, D.C.—Recognition of China was discussed at length at a cabinet meeting, but no decision was reached. It is very probable that the United States will recognize China as a republic when the constituent assembly meets on April 8.

While this government is said to desire to be the first to show faith in the stability of the new Chinese republic there are many indications that action will be deferred until the constituent assembly organizes. Secretary Bryan has been in conference lately with the Chinese minister and President Wilson and his cabinet are taking the deepest interest in the Chinese situation.

Dayton Facing Serious Food Problem

Dayton, Ohio.—Dayton is facing one of the gravest problems that any city of the world ever faced, and we want the world to know we need money and food for our stricken people, said John H. Patterson, president of the relief committee, after he returned in company with H. E. Talbot, chief engineer, from a tour of sections swept by the flood last week. Although several carloads of provisions were received, officials in charge of the work stated that the food situation was a matter of grave concern. More refugees have applied for assistance.

We must have rations for more than 100,000 people for an indefinite period, Mr. Patterson declared.

Douks Going to B.C.

Saskatoon.—A train load of Doukhobors outward bound on the exodus from Saskatchewan to British Columbia passed through here recently. There were six hundred Douks and their families on board. This is the third contingent, two train loads numbering 1,500 having left last fall. They came from Voregin, Sask., and are bound for Castlegar and Kinnaird, where their compatriots have established a fruit farm.

Would Welcome Prince of Wales

London.—The Pall Mall Gazette said that the Prince of Wales would probably visit Canada and the United States, the coming summer. Nothing definite has as yet been decided, but the idea is considered in a sympathetic manner.

SHIPS OF THE POWERS

EUROPE TO SNATCH VICTORY FROM MONTENEGRINS

Warships are now making a demonstration to intimidate the Montenegrins, and should this prove effective, Powers may occupy a Port to Enforce Dictum.

London.—Just a Montenegro has scored her first real success by getting a foothold on Tarabosch, the key to Scutari, the warships of the powers are gathering along the coast to compel her to give up the most precious fruits of five months' fighting. After a series of desperate engagements, the Montenegrins, assisted by the Serbians, are practically in command of Tarabosch. Simultaneously with the arrival of this news, came the further information that Australian warships are anchored off Antivari and that British and Italian warships are on their way to join them for the purpose of making a demonstration, which is approved by all the powers, not excepting Russia.

Should the demonstration prove ineffective, it is understood that the Montenegrin port of Dulline will be occupied. When the Montenegro is out of the way, it is likely that the powers will have to deal with Serbia. She has informed the British minister that it was impossible to withdraw her troops from Scutari, as Serbia was bound to Montenegro until peace had been signed, and that any drawing out at the present time would be the death knell of the Balkan alliance.

Serbia, too, is reported to be preparing for the permanent occupation of Durazzo. This action would be directly against the decision of the powers.

An agreement has practically been reached, with regard to the boundary between Turkey and Bulgaria, although Bulgaria is guarding against any slip in the peace negotiations and is moving virtually the whole of her Adrianople army to Tchatalja. The captured town will be left in possession of General Darnes.

An agreement is reported as having been arranged between Bulgaria and Roumania, the latter getting Silistria.

TO QUICKEN DOMINIONS

British Government Retention of Ships Causes Some Irritation

Sydney, N.S.—The Sydney Sun, referring to Australia's proposed naval expansion, says: The British Admiralty will welcome another super-dreadnought for the Imperial fleet, as it will quicken the pace of the other overseas Dominions in the matter of naval construction.

The arrival of the new Australian battleship, New Zealand, in Australia caused by the Government's change in the plans for battleships of the future. It was intended that the New Zealand should cover with her sister ship, the Australia, the Pacific, and the Admiralty's chance of opinion on this matter, leaving the Australian alone in the Pacific, is perhaps the cause of the acerbity to the Australian programme.

Free Gold in Ontario

Sudbury, Ont.—Word reached today, that Ludon Brothers, Copper Cliffs, who have the contract for sinking a twenty-five foot shaft on the property of D. McDermott, of Escanaba, Mich., in the township of Davis, Sudbury district, have made a rich find of free gold. The property is thirty-five miles from Sudbury on the new C.N.R. line from Winnipeg to Ottawa. The find has created considerable excitement among the mining men here.

C.P.R. Plans Typhoid Inoculation

Calgary, Alta.—All employees of the Canadian Pacific on the Alberta and Saskatchewan divisions are to be inoculated against typhoid fever. In the neighborhood of 8,000 employees were inoculated last year and of this number but two were taken with the disease.

GERMANY TO CONTROL AIR

Conquest of Air May Prove as Important as That of the Sea

London.—Details of German's coming gigantic expenditure on naval aircraft published in London, have produced a remarkably unfavorable impression here. Under the new scheme the German navy will have two naval squadrons, four airships each, all in commission, and fifty aeroplanes divided into seven fleets. Further military aircraft increases will give new fleets of thirty new airships and 250 new aeroplanes.

Cuxhaven Point, the most convenient for a fleet to the united kingdom, is being specially developed for aircraft. These particulars following the modest expenditure of 850,000 pounds, announced in British estimates have given British public a shock.

Last week the demand that we should plunge into large immediate expenditure on war aircraft was confined to a small group. To-day it is general talk.

The Daily Mail, which is admitted the leading authority on aviation in England, supported the government programme a fortnight ago, but now declares that new German measures will necessitate immediate revision of British measures. Today it makes an announcement the significance of which will be understood when it is remembered that Lord Northcliffe has played a leading part in aircraft development in England. It declares that danger to this country and the fleet, caused by the development of foreign airships, is exaggerated. No invention has yet made anything but the sport of winds. While they have made numerous fine voyages not one of them has equalled the records of ordinary aeroplanes driven before the wind. The future lies with the waterplane, which is an aeroplane able to alight and start from water. In meeting an attack of airships the waterplane can maneuver much more quickly, especially in rough weather, and it is believed that the fleet provided with sufficient waterplane scouts would be able to seek out and destroy airships.

THE MARKET REPORT

Weekly Grain Letter Supplied by Thompson, Stone & Co., Grain Merchants, Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, April 1.—There has been no unusual development in the wheat situation this past week but prices in the leading markets have shown a gradual upward trend and closing values today are 1c to 1 1/2c higher than they were a week ago. Continued strength in the Liverpool market has been the main cause of stronger markets on this side. It has been reported at different times that Europe has overbought wheat on account of the war but statistics do not confirm this as stocks there are less than last year in spite of the heavy world's shipments. There is of course a much larger amount on ocean passage than in previous years but it seems to be absorbed as soon as it arrives without enlarging the stocks. Wheat stocks in America are not decreasing as fast as some would like they may be required before the coming new crops are available if the old world markets continue to absorb the weekly shipments at the rate they have been doing the past few months. This evident absorption of supplies without any corresponding increase in stocks shows the international position of wheat to be strong and that there is no reason why the remaining surplus in America should not be worked off around the present price level or even a higher level should any unfavorable symptoms develop regarding the coming winter and spring wheat crops. The winter wheat crop in the United States is making satisfactory progress and the latest report of the Modern Miller says the general condition of the crop has not been impaired by the recent storms, rain and snow. There will be a loss of acreage in Indiana and Ohio as a result of the

There has been a moderate demand for oats and the contract grade is 1 1/2c higher in sympathy with advance in wheat prices. The tough and lower grades are slightly firmer. Today's closing values are No. 2 C.W. 33 1/4c; No. 3 C.W. 30 1/4c; No. 4 feed 31 1/4c; 1 feed 30 1/4c; 2 feed 26 1/4c; Futures closed May 34 1/4c to 35 1/4c.

Enquiry for barley is only fair, although prices are somewhat higher. Today's prices are No. 3 C.W. barley 47 1/2c; No. 4, 46c; Rejected 41c; Feed 40c.

Has worked lower on continued heavy receipts. Today's values are 1 N.W. flax 108 1/4c; 2 C.W. 105 1/4c; 3 C.W. 97 1/4c. Futures closed May 110 1/4c; July 112 1/4c; October 115 1/4c. All prices quoted above are for in state Fort William, Port Arthur or Duluth.

Coal for All Canada

Lethbridge, Alta.—A surprising condition as regards Alberta's coal resources and future supply is indicated by engineers' reports just given out at Lethbridge, now recognized as the leading city and distributing centre of the coal belt. The evidence accumulates to indicate that coal is present in this Province in quantities to last for centuries, and even to supply all Canada during that period. Since the American coal strike of last year the demand for Alberta coal has increased rapidly, nothing but labor shortage now standing in the way of the more adequate development of many important mines. New railway lines will soon be opened to Bassano and the Saskatchewan border, thence northward through Saskatchewan, and these are expected to create an enormous additional market for Alberta coal.

Has Beaten Kaiser

Berlin.—The German Emperor's trouble with his tenant Helmut Schost has been settled after being before the courts for several months. The tenant has consented to vacate his farm voluntarily, although his lease has five years to run. The consideration paid him has not been published, but he is to receive the order of the Royal Crown as a token of the Emperor's retraction of the statement that he had thrown out his tenant because he was utterly inefficient.

Life Sentence

Vancouver.—George Wilson, American desperado who last fall held up a C.P.R. train in the east and later tried to rob and kill S. J. H. Sinclair was sentenced to life imprisonment.

Madrid.—King Alfonso has recovered entirely from the effect of his fall from his pony in a game of polo the other day. He was present at mass in the palace on Sunday and went out motoring later on.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON II.—SECOND QUARTER, FOR APRIL 13, 1913

Text of the Lesson, Gen. xxviii, 10-22. Memory Verses, 20-22—Golden Text, Gen. xxviii, 13—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

Isaac, having indorsed the going away of Jacob, blessed him again and this time truly, and sent him away to his mother's people that he might find a wife among the daughters of Laban, his mother's brother. So Jacob went out from Beersheba where Isaac seems to have continued to live since the record in chapter xvi, 32, 33, and went toward Haran.

Haran was in the name of Lot's father, and he died in Ur before Abram was called out. It was also the name of the place where Abram tarried until Terah, his father, died (chapter xi, 27-32). It was from thence Rebekah came to be the wife of Isaac. It would have been a long journey for Jacob from Beersheba to Bethel in one day (between forty and fifty miles), so it was perhaps his second night out on which he had this remarkable experience. That matters not, however. It was the dream or vision that counted rather than the time when.

That one who had acted as Jacob had should have such a revelation from the Lord is the wonderful part of the transaction. There are, however, two very prominent facts in all the Scriptures which continually attract our attention. One is the exceedingly sinfulness of man, with his deceitful and desperately wicked heart, and the other is the exceeding riches of the grace and love of God.

It does not matter as to the kind of ladder, whether steps of stone or some other kind. But the great fact is that Jacob saw a way of access from earth to heaven, angels ascending and descending, and he heard Jehovah from the top of the ladder talking to him most graciously and in such words as no mortal could expect or by any means deserve.

Because of Jacob's unworthiness and the wondrous grace of God notwithstanding even he ventured to appropriate and have proved in worldwide journeyings the comfort of verse 15.

The Lord, who stood above the ladder and spoke the words of love and grace, no doubt referred to that night and that event when he said to Nathaniel: Verily, verily, I say unto you, Hereafter ye shall see heaven open and the angels of God ascending and descending upon the Son of Man. (John i, 51). Some day when the New Jerusalem shall have taken its place over the earth and the elect Israel all righteous and the holy angels shall all be in perfect accord with the Lord in administering the affairs of the kingdom we may think of and understand this vision more fully. Meantime let us think of Him who is the way, the truth, the life, who became man for us. The ladder was set up on the earth. It starts from just where you are. You may step on it if you will, but it must be with both feet clean off the earth, actually in Christ.

It reaches heaven; it is not too short. To mount day by day we must look up steadfastly and see Him who is in heaven for us ever running with patience, looking unto Jesus. The angels will be always ministering (Heb. xii, 1, 2, 14). Notice the four "beholds" of verses 12, 13, 15. Between the time of Jacob's leaving home and this night's experience it looks as if the Spirit had been working some true penitence in Jacob's heart, and this special revelation and message was the result of it. When we turn homeward the Father always runs to meet us, according to Luke xv, 20.

Such overwhelming grace made Jacob feel somewhat as Simon Peter did when the Lord filled the ships with fishes and Peter said: Depart from me, for I am a sinful man, O Lord! (Luke v, 8). We do well to remember that the Lord is ever with us and that every place with Him may be to us the house of God and the gate of heaven.

The pillow becoming an anointed pillar and the fact that believers are called stones (1 Pet. ii, 5) suggest that instead of being prone upon the earth we may become upright, anointed living stones to the glory of God.

Jacob's vow in verses 20 to 22 may be good or not so good. If he is bargaining with God after all the gracious assurances, as our authorized version would seem to indicate, then his language and his spirit were poor indeed. But if he said: Since, on seeing that, God will be with me, (verse 20), his words are better. He has been consoled by some very mean man but if any who read these words do not give the Lord at least a tenth of their income are they not meaner than Jacob?

No further incident of his journey is mentioned, but he certainly had enough to think about and to comfort and sustain him for years to come in that vision. He reached his destination, met his cousin, Rachel, at the well, helped her to water her father's sheep for the kept them, and home. He loved Rachel, agreed to serve seven years for her, that she might become his wife, and they seemed unto him but a few days for the love he had to her (xxix, 9-20).

In Hos. xii, 12, we find this statement: Jacob fled into the country of Syria, and Israel served for a wife, and for a wife he kept sheep.

Torture Exhibits

London.—Following a suggestion made by Baron Von Horst of San Francisco and a number of Americans, English suffragists are collecting various instruments used in the forcible feeding of women prisoners. These include screws, and pliers used to force the jaws apart, feeding tubes and other utensils. The collection has been lent by doctors friendly to the suffragists. It will be exhibited in American cities and will afterwards be forwarded as a gift to the Smithsonian Institute.



KING GEORGE AT FOOTBALL MATCH BETWEEN NAVY & ARMY.

Recently King George watched a football match between the army and navy. Before the match the players were presented to him and his majesty shook hands with each.

Gleichen Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Horses and Conveyances to Hire

Special Attention Given to **LAND SEEKERS**

Competent Guides Furnished

David C. Wishart,

Proprietor

**We Can**

shoe your horse right or do any other job in blacksmithing and do it at a right price

We Can

sell you steam or gasoline engines, threshing machine or any kind of farm machinery you want

We handle

the John Deer plows Van Brunt drills and seeders

Give us a Call

and your wants will be attended to

Service & Laurie, Agts**The Gleichen Pharmacy****FORMALINE**

Kill-em-quick

GOPHER POISON**Easter Cards****The Gleichen Pharmacy****Town Council**

There has been a special and regular meeting of the town fathers which the CALL reporter found it was impossible to attend, but from the minutes and information gathered they were interesting.

The secretary was instructed to notify W. H. McKie to move his fence in line with Crowfoot Street.

The accounts passed were:

D. F. McArthur.....\$89.55

Service & Laurie..... 2.50

F. C. Vigar..... 1.00

McKay Hardware..... 1.65

Tenders are called for the unoccupied cemetery grounds for April 18th to be used for agricultural purposes.

The assessment roll was duly accepted and the Court of Revision is to be held in the Town Hall on Friday, May 9th, at 10 a.m.

The secretary was authorized to confer with a judge in Calgary and obtain information when a date could be arranged for the hearing of all cases of taxes in arrears in Gleichen. It being stated that there are some 40 ratepayers in arrears.

The reports of the public works committee for the improvements required this year was discussed and it was decided to call for tenders for a sidewalk from the Catholic Church east on Griesbach Street to the centre of Block K, another from Mr. Jones' house on Seventh Avenue south to Mr. Allen's residence, and the sidewalk on Crowfoot Street is to be continued from Seventh to Eighth Ave.

It was also decided to ask for an estimate for improving the grounds in front of the Town Hall.

Gleichen's Meteorological Report

The following weather report is supplied by J. W. Jowett, who is officially appointed by the Dominion Government:

	Max.	Min.
April 2.....	42	23
3.....	51	20
4.....	50	20
5.....	58	25
6.....	56	29
7.....	48	20
8.....	52	20

Coming Events.

Notices under this heading 25c a line unless otherwise advertised in CALL.
April 17—Provincial Elections.
April 11—Masquerade Ball.
April 15—Board of Trade Meeting

**Public Notice**

A Sitting of the District Court will be held at GLEICHEN on WEDNESDAY, APRIL 10th, commencing at 10 a.m.

L. F. CLARRY,
Deputy Atty-General
Dated at Edmonton,
4th April, 1913

SITUATION WANTED on Farm by man and wife. Man has had years of experience on Ontario farms, and his wife accustomed to all kinds of household work. Apply to Alfred Piggitt, Palace Hotel, Gleichen.

FOR SALE—Berkshire Boar, 3 years old—30. Apply to Anderson & Neilson.—311

SITUATION WANTED—Prepared to do work of any kind—Farming preferred—in which I have had considerable experience.—Apply to P. Stumpf care CALL office.—3

LOST—\$5 Reward per head for 20 head of light boned horses inclined to be wild. Branded on left shoulder or on right hip or with on right or left hip. Apply R. F. Field, 625 5th Ave W. Calgary. 524tf

FOR SALE—Large safe in good condition will be sold cheap. Apply to Emil Griesbach. 524tf

LEASE or FOR SALE—The north east quarter 2, 23, 22, 23, 34 miles N. E. of Gleichen, 120 acres are ploughed for seeding large house and barn. Apply to J. McMillan. 524tf

1 ST—A brown horse with white markings on head, branded on left hip and on right shoulder. Reward will be paid for information for recovery. E. G. Giesbach. 524tf

FOR SALE—Three young Plymouth Rock cockals for \$1.50 each. Also eggs from same breed 50c per sitting of 13. Mrs. A. G. Edwards, Cluny, Alta. 524tf

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Wyandotte Cockerels from \$1 to \$5. Apply Mrs. W. F. Erford, Gleichen.—5

Semi-Ready Tailoring**"THE BUSY STORE"**

This popular line of clothing needs no comment on its merits; all we pause to say here is that we have

A BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY

of semi-ready suits now in our clothing department, all sizes B.C.D.E.F. G. to fit all kinds of physiques stout, slim, short, long, normal, etc., etc. Prices \$15 to \$30 per suit. Finished to your measure in two hours.

Also Special Order Samples

Over 100 patterns to select from. Suits made to measure and fit guaranteed from the special order department of the Semi-Ready Company.

See us in Your Spring Suit **J. A. RAMSAY****MISCELLANEOUS**

Small Ads under this heading cost 50 cents for first insertion and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. Unless the number of issues are given with each order ads are left in until ordered out and charged for in full.

STRAYED on to Sections 2, 3, and 11 Range 22, Township 21, chestnut gelding, weight 1100, 4 white legs, branded on off shoulder, near hind, on near shoulder. Owner apply to C. F. Bruce, Cluny.—5

STRAYED—Grey horse, 6 or 7 years old, weight about 1800 lbs, branded quarter circle heart on right hip. Own or can have same by applying to Jones Bros., Cluny.—5

FOR SALE—6000 bushels of Silver Mine Oats. Government test 95 per cent for germination, won second prize at Gleichen Seed Fair. 100 bus. Marquis wheat, won third prize at Gleichen Seed Fair. Apply to R. J. Burn, phone 607, Gleichen. 4

FOR RENT—Furnished house, good barn, pens for about 300 chickens good well and garden, with 10 acres of land. Apply Arthur Hatt, phone 100, Gleichen. 11f

BOAR WANTED—State breed, age and price. Wm. Brown & Son, Queenstown. 3

FOR SALE—Pedigreed Clydesdale stallion or will exchange. Weight 1750, W. Brown & Son, Queenstown 3

FOR SALE—6000 bushels Banner seed Oats the won first prize at Gleichen Seed Grain Fair and tested 95 percent germination at Government Laboratory, in quantities to suit purchasers, also English Russet seed Potatoes. Apply to N. W. McMillan, Gleichen 3

FOR SALE—Bay gelding three and a half years, gentle, broken to saddle and driving. Apply Cosgrave & Nutter, Gleichen. 524tf

EGGS FOR SETTING—from prize bred Rose Comb Brown Leghorns \$1 for fifteen, \$6 a hundred. Cockerels \$1 each, six for \$5. W. H. Goodwin, Box 113 Gleichen, E. & S. 12, 23, 23. 3

LOST—African Buffalo robe between Gleichen and Cluny, about Feb. 20th. Reward will be paid on return to Bow Valley Call. 3

WANTED—Stubble Plowing. Prompt attention, good work, reasonable prices. Distance no object. Apply to F. A. Williams, Box 50 Gleichen. 524tf

FOR SALE—Bedroom suit, extension table, chairs, two stoves, clothes reel and garden tools. Apply to Miss Convey Gleichen. 524tf

STRAYED—Two yearling steers one red and the other black and white and a 3 year-old red heifer all branded on left ribs. Brown mare 6

years old, brand on left shoulder from mare, 4 years old, brand on left shoulder. Reward will be paid for information leading to their recovery. Apply to G. Tetley, Fraserston, Alta. 523

EGGS FOR SETTING from pure bred Barred Rocks, \$1.00 per hundred or \$1.50 per setting. Apply to F. Daw Gleichen. 511f

TANNERY—Hides and Furs of all kinds dressed and tanned and bought and sold. Write for price list full of information. **CALGARY TANNERY CO., LTD.** East Calgary, Alta. 1

FOR SALE—3-year-old Registered Clyde stallion, 20 quiet heifers in calf, a few registered Berkshire sows, 20 bushels of Marquis seed wheat and 50 bushels of Timothy seed. Apply Frank Daw, Gleichen. 511f

FOR SALE—Roosters of all kinds, among them being some thoroughbred Pacific Cold Storage Co. 511f

FOR RENT ON SHARES—H. H. section consisting of S. E. & N. W. 1/4 of Sec. 27, 22, 23. Good buildings and improvements, only 3 miles N. W. of Gleichen. Telephone in house. Must now at once. Apply J. W. Chancell, 434th Ave. West, Calgary or J. W. Henderson, Gleichen. 511f

MARQUIS SEED WHEAT FOR SALE. 600 bushels, Germination 90 per cent. 50c per bushel. Also Marquis Seed Potatoes, apply T. W. Jones, Gleichen, Alta. 44tf

FOR SALE—Rouen Duck eggs 70c per setting of 12. Also pure bred Buff orpington eggs from fine laying strain at 70c per setting of 12 or 50c per dozen in larger quantities. Apply to Mrs. D. H. Chargo, 6 miles west of Gleichen. 3

FOR SALE

17 head of thoroughly gentle general purpose horses. Can be seen 3 miles from town. Will sell cheap for cash. Phone 22, Gleichen

BICYCLES

Are all the rage. Buy a CLEVELAND and you will avoid all bicycle troubles

For sale at

Gaudaur's Jewelry Store

Watch for Announcement New Spring Goods

THE GLEICHEN TRADING CO. LTD.
GENERAL MERCHANTS

THESE FARM MACHINES ARE MAKING GOOD

THE McCormick line of farm machines has endeared itself to the hearts of thousands of farmers. We handle it because we know it is the best. We handle McCormick binders, mowers, rakes, reapers, huskers and shredders, knife and tool grinders, binder twine, corn machines and a full and complete line of repairs. Call and look our line over and learn exactly what we have. It will take only a few moments of your time, and when you are in need of new farm machines or repairs for McCormick machines, you will know that we are ready to serve you. We will be only too glad to show you the McCormick line of farm machines, and we want you to call and get a catalogue. If there is any particular machine in which you are interested, make your wants known and we will see that you are supplied.

**A. F. Larkin, Terra Building**